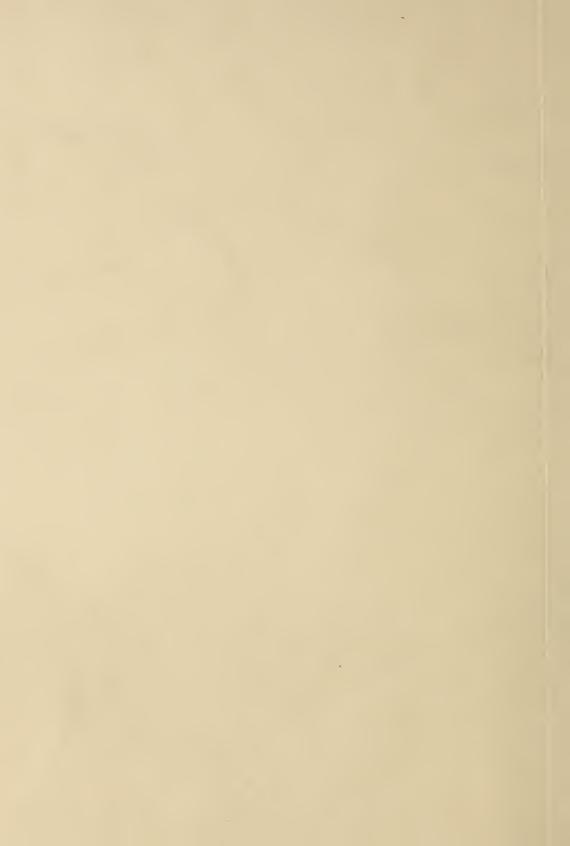
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GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER

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In presenting our Annual Catalogue and Price List, we feel it our duty to thank our many friends and customers for their liberal patronage bestowed upon us for so many years. We would also respectfully suggest that you give the reading matter in this Catalogue your careful attention; it is interesting to the Farmer, Gardener, Florist and Amateur. We do not boast of being the largest or the oldest Seed-house in America, or as some claim, in the world. If you have been dealing with us, you know us; if not, give us a trial order and we will have you for a customer. It will be to your advantage to send your orders early, as many articles are short. Very respectfully,

Dickmann-Dusard Seed Co.

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Alle Aufträge in deutscher Sprache erhalten dieselbe pünktliche Dufmerksankeit wie die in englischen Sprache, denn hier wird auch Deutsch-geisprochen.

Toute Correspondence et tous ordres en Français receverout la meme attention que ceux en Anglais ou Allemand.

Nous parlous le Français dans notre Magazin.

RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS FOR MARKET GARDENERS.





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Warehouse: 1112 North Third Street. ST. LOUIS.

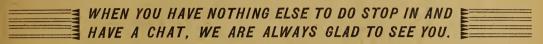
DESCRIPTIVE PRICE LIST

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VEGETABLE, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS

With Directions for Cultivation.

UR PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE on all Vegetable and Flower Seeds by the packet, ounce or pound, except Peas, Beans and Corn, when 15 cents per quart and 10 cents per pint must be added to Catalogue prices for postage. Order Early.—It will greatly facilitate shipments if orders are sent early. We aim to send off all orders the day received, but during the busy season it is nearly impossible—hence the advisability of ordering early.



The Most Liberal Premiums Ever Offered By Any Seedsmen.

25 CENTS' worth of Seeds extra will be allowed on each ONE DOLLAR sent us for Seeds in PACKETS. Thus, any one sending us \$1.00 can select Seeds in packets amounting to \$1.25; for \$2.00, Seeds in packets amounting to \$2.50; for \$3.00, Seeds in packets amounting to \$3.75; for \$4.00, Seeds in packets amounting to \$5.00, and so on.

15 CENTS' worth of Seeds extra will be allowed on each ONE DOLLAR sent us for Seeds in OUNCE5. Thus, any one sending us \$1.00, can select Seeds in ounces to the value of \$1.15; for \$2.00, to the value of \$2.30; for \$3.00, to the value of \$3.45; for \$4.00, Seeds in ounces to the value of \$4.60, and so on.

Vegetable Seeds That May Be Sown in Each Month, From January to October.

JANUARY—Sow in Hot-Bed—Early Beet, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Cauliflower, Early Lettuce, Italian Onion, Radish.

FEBRUARY—Sow in Hot-Bed—Early Beet, Broccoli, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Celery, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Early Lettuce, Parsley, Pepper, Italian Onion, Radish, Tomato.

MARCH—Sow in Hot-Bed—Early Beet, Early Cabbage, Forcing Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Melon, Parsley, Peas, Pepper, Italian Onion, Radish, Spinach, Tomato, Herbs.

Sow in Open Ground—Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Carrot, Cress, Leek, Lettuce, Onion, Parsnip, Peas, Potato, Radish, Spinach, Early Turnip.

APRIL—Sow in Hot-Bed—Cucumber, Egg Plant, Melon, Pepper, Tomato.

Sew in Open Ground—Asparagus, Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Sweet Corn, Cucumber, Cress, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Lettuce, Melon, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Potato, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Tomato, Early Turnip, Sage, Herbs.

Vegetable Seeds that May Be Sown in Each Month from January to October— Continued.

- MAY—Sow in Open Ground—Artichoke, Asparagus, English Beans, Pole Beans, Bush Beans, Beet, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Sweet Corn, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Lettuce, Melon, Nasturtium, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Potato, Pumpkin, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tomato, Turnip, Herbs.
- JUNE—Sow in Open Ground—Bush Beans, Lima Beans, Pole Beans, Beet, Carrot, Cabbage, Sweet Corn, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Melon, Okra, Peas, Potato, Pumpkin, Radish, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Turnip, Rutabaga.
- JULY—Sow in Open Ground—Bush Beans, Beet, Carrot, Sweet Corn, Corn. Salad, Cress, Cucumber, Endive, Gherkin, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Okra, Early Peas, Pumpkin, Radish, Spinach, Squash, Turnip, Rutabaga.
- AUGUST—Sow in Open Ground—Bush Beans, Corn Salad, Cucumber, Endive, Lettuce, Early Peas, Radish, Spinach, Turnip.
- SEPTEMBER—Sow in Open Ground—Cabbage for Cold Frames, Cauliflower for Cold Frames, Corn Salad, Cress, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Winter Radish, Spinach, Turnip.
- OCTOBER—Sow in Open Ground—Corn Salad, Cress, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Spinach.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING A HOT-BED.

In the vicinity of St. Louis, from the first to the middle of March is quite early enough to make a hot-bed, and even a little later will do well enough. The time must vary according to the latitude. Provide a quantity of fresh horse manure from the stables, and add to this, if they can be had, one-third to one-half of its bulk of leaves. Mix them thoroughly, tramping down the mass of successive layers, and form into a large pile, so that fermentation will proceed, even in severely cold weather. In two or three days fermentation will be apparent by the escape of steam from the heap. Now turn again and allow the heap to remain two or three days longer, or until the second fermentation commences. Make an excavation, or plt, 2½ feet deep, and of a size suited to the number of plants required. The pit will be better if built up of brick. It should be made in some dry, sheltered spot, facing the south or east, if possible. Hot-bed sashes are usually 6x3 feet, and one sash will generally give early plants enough for a large family. The frame for sashes should be 18 inches high at the back and 12 inches in front, which will give the proper slope to catch the sunlight. Cross-pieces should be placed for the sashes to slide on, to facilitate opening and shutting the frames. When everything is ready, the manure is placed in the pit and trodden down firmly in layers to the required depth, 2 to 21/2 feet. Then put on the sashes, and keep the pit closed until the heat rises. At first it will probably be 100 degrees or more, which is too hot to sow the seed in; but in two or three days it will subside to 90 degrees, or a little less, when the soil will be put on to the depth of 6 to 8 inches. The heat may be readily ascertained by plunging a thermometer into the manure. The soil should be of well-rotted sod (or common garden soil will do), mixed with about a third of fine, old manure, and in this the seeds may be sown thinly in drills 2 to 3 inches apart, and afterwards (as soon as out of the seed-leaf), either thinned out or else transplanted to another frame. Air must be given every mid day by raising the sashes at the back. Water with tepid water whenever necessary, and during cold nights and snow storms keep covered with straw mats or board shutters. Tomatoes, Peppers and Egg Plants should be sown in a separate frame from the Cabbage, Cauliflower and Lettuce, as they require more heat than the latter. The same directions may apply to hot-beds made on the surface of the ground, except that the manure should be at least a foot wider on all sides than the frame.

BRIEF DIRECTIONS

FOR THE SOWING AND CULTURE OF

Garden Vegetables

FOR THE PRIVATE GARDEN AND FOR EXHIBITION.

ASPARAGUS.

German, Spargel. French, Asperge. Spanish, Esparragos.

1 ounce for 60 feet of drill.

Asparagus can be grown from seed, but the best way for the amateur to grow it is from roots, which can be planted any time for six to eight weeks from the opening of spring. Besides, a year or more can be saved by planting roots. For private use or for marketing on a small scale, beds should be formed 5 feet wide, with three rows planted in each, one in the middle and one on each side, a foot from the edge; the distance of the plants in the rows, 9 inches. The alleys between the beds should be two feet wide. In planting, a line is set and a cut made, a little slanting, to the depth of six or eight inches, according to size of the plants. The plants are then laid against the side of the trench, at the distance already named (nine inches), care being taken to properly spread the roots. The crown or top of the plant should be covered about three inches. In a week or so after planting, the beds should be touched over lightly with a sharp steel rake, which will destroy the germinating weeds. The raking had better be continued at intervals of a week or so, until the plants start to grow, when the hoe or hand cultivator may be applied between the rows and alleys. The weeds that come up close to the plant must of necessity be pulled out by the hand. The deeper the soil and greater abundance of manure that is used, the greater will be the crop, for Asparagus is what the gardeners call a gross feeder. An application of one-half pound of salt per square yard annually, in spring, is very beneficial.

BEANS, Dwarf or Bush.

German, Bohne. French, Haricot. Spanish, Frijorenano. 1 qt. to 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels to the acre in drills.

A succession of sowings can be made every two weeks from the second week in April until September. These dates are for the latitude of St. Louis. Further south the first sowing must be done earlier; further north, later. Plant in drills about two inches deep, and from eighteen inches to two feet apart, according to the richness of the soil. The poorer the soil the closer they can be planted. The seeds

should be dropped about two inches apart in the drills.

FOR EXHIBITION. - Thoroughly manured, stiff, well-worked soil is preferable, with a liberal surface application of commercial fertilizer, high in potash, well raked in. When the plants have taken good hold of the soil, sprinkle around each plant about a tablespoonful of nitrate of soda and rake in. When fairly in bloom, liquid manure may be given; if pods are to be exhibited, thin out all but three or four to the stalk. When the pods begin to swell, pinch off the top of the plant, tie the plants to stakes to prevent the wind from loosening the roots and weakening the plant; the plants should stand a foot apart. For exhibition, they should be grown on sandy or gravelly soil, and the plants at least two feet apart each way. Yosemite Mammoth Wax. Flageolet Wax, Long Yellow Six Weeks and Early Mohawk are the best varieties for exhibition.

BEANS, Lima or Climbing.

German, Stangen Bohnen. French, Haricot a Rames. Spanish, Judias.

1 qt. to 150 hills; 10 to 16 qts. to the acre in hills.

These are more tender and require rather more care in culture than the Bush varieties. and should be sown two weeks later. They succeed best in sandy loam, which should be liberally enriched with well-rotted manure in the hills, which are formed, according to variety, from three to four feet apart; from five to six seeds are planted in each hill, about two inches deep. As the matured bean is mostly used, the season is too short for succession crops in the North, though it is advantageous to plant succession crops in the Southern States, where the season of growth is often from March to November. Rough Cedar or similar poles about seven or eight feet long should be used for Pole Beans, especially the Limas, to climb on. They should be set in the ground at least eighteen inches, so as to prevent being blown over.

FOR EXHIBITION.—The plants should be freely manured with liquid manure and only a few pods desired for show should remain on the plant.

BEET.

German, Runkel Rube. French, Betterave. Spanish, Betterayo.

1 oz. to 50 feet of drill; 5 lbs. to the acre in drills.

The soil best suited for the culture of the Beet is that which is rather light than otherwise, always provided that it is thoroughly enriched with well-rotted manure. For an early supply, sow in spring, as soon as the ground is fit to work, in drills about one foot apart and two inches deep. For main crop, sow the first week in April, and for winter use, sow in June. These dates are for the latitude of St. Louis. For the South, sow earlier; for the North, later. When the plants have attained three or four leaves, thin out so that they may stand five or six inches apart. Keep free from weeds. In October the roots may be taken up and stored in cellars or pits outside.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Salt applied to the soil some time before sowing, and in small quantities during the growing season, will prove beneficial. Fresh manuring should be avoided, liquid manure should be given, but not close to the roots, as it would encourage side roots. The plants should stand not closer than ten inches apart, in rows one and one-half feet apart. Mangels or Field Beets should stand two feet apart, in rows three feet apart. If the soil has any small stones or pebbles in it, they should be sifted out where the roots are to grow, so that they will come out smooth and free from indentations. For the large, long varieties, the soil should be two to three feet in depth, and holes prepared as recommended for Carrots.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

German, Kopfkohl Gruner. French, Chou de Bruxelles.

Sow outside in drills, in April or May, and transplant two feet apart in July. Cultivate same as Cabbage; thus it may be had in fine condition from October until December, and in the Southern States may be had in use from November to March.

CABBAGE.

German, Kopfkohl. French, Chou Pomme. Spanish, Repollo. 1 oz. will produce 1,500 plants; half pound to transplant for an acre.

The early varieties of Cabbage are cultivated more extensively than any other vegetable. In latitudes where the thermometer never indicates twenty degrees below the freezing point, seed may be sown in the open border in October and planted out on the first opening of spring; but in our Northern States they must either be sown in hot-beds in February, or, what is still better, wintered over

in cold frames; for this purpose the seed is sown from the 10th to the 20th of September. Attention to date is important; if too soon, the plants might run to seed, and if too late, they would be too small. In four or five weeks from the time of sowing, they will be fit to transplant into the cold frames. In planting, it is very important with Cabbage or Cauliflower that the plant is set down to the first leaf, so that the stem is all under ground, for, if exposed, it will be split by the action of the frost, and will be injured in consequence. The plants are usually set out from the middle of March to the middle of April, in rows about two feet apart, and eighteen inches between the plants in rows. This earliest crop matures in June. For second early, the early kinds should be sown first week in April and planted out in May. The crop should mature in July and August. The late varieties are usually sown in the early part of May, and the plants are set in July, at distances of three feet between the rows and two feet between the plants. This crop matures September, October and November.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Grow Henderson's Early Spring, Henderson's Succession and Dickmann-Ducard Seed Co.'s Giant Summer. Sprinkle around the plants, every few weeks, some of our Garden Fertilizer and water frequently with liquid manure. If Cabbage or other plants of this nature have been grown on the ground before, it is well to give a liberal dressing of lime to guard against club root.

CAULIFLOWER.

German, Blumen-Kohl. French, Choufleur. Spanish, Coliflor. 1 oz. will produce about 1,000 plants.

Any soil that will grow Cabbage will grow Cauliflower, as their requirements are almost similar; but as the product is more valuable, extra manuring and preparation of the soil will be well repaid.

The seed may be sowed in September and wintered over in the same manner as described for early Cabbage. Where this is not practicable, it may be had nearly as well by sowing the seeds in the hot-bed in January or February, and transplanting the plants at two or three inches apart in boxes or in the soil of another hot-bed, until such time as they are safe to be planted in the open ground, which, in this latitude, is usually from the 15th of March to the 10th of April. If properly hardened off, they are seldom injured by planting out too early. For second early and late crop, sow at same date as given in the directions for Cabbage crop.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Follow directions given for Cabbage. Henderson's Early Snowball, whether grown as an early or late variety, is the best for exhibition.

CARROT.

German, Mohre. French, Carotte. Spanish, Zanahoria.
1 oz. for 125 feet of drill; 4 lbs. for an acre,

The Carrot, like other root crops, delights in a sandy loam, richly tilled. For early crops, sow in spring, as soon as the ground is in good working order; for later crops they may be sown any time until the middle of June. Sow in rows about fifteen inches apart, thinning out to three or four inches between the plants. In field culture, when grown for horses or cattle, the rows should be two feet apart, so that the crop can be worked with the horse cultivator. As Carrot seed is slow to germinate, extra precautions must be taken to firm the seed in the soil.

For Exhibition.—By means of a crowbar, holes are made in the ordinary garden soil. These holes should be made when the soil is dry, and may be two to three feet deep and three to four inches across at the top. Fill the holes with sifted soil, so the roots will come out smooth and free from indentations caused by lumps and pebbles. The soil should be composed of equal parts of sand, leafmould, well-rotted manure and turfy loam, and an addition of about 5 per cent of our Garden Fertilizer. Sow five or six grains on top of each place thus prepared, covering about one-quarter inch. When the plants appear, thin out, leaving only one plant at the center. This method may also be used for Parsnips and Long Beets.

CELERY.

German, Seleri. French, Celeri. Spanish, Apis. 1 oz. for 3,000 plants.

Sow in the open ground as soon as it is fit to work in April, and keep carefully clear of weeds until time of transplanting in June or July. The tops should be shorn once or twice before transplanting, so as to insure "stocky" plants. The lower half of the root should also be cut off before transplanting.

After the ground has been prepared, lines are made on the level surface three feet apart, and the plants set six inches apart in the lines. If the weather be dry at the time of planting, great care should be taken that the roots are properly "firmed." Our custom is to turn back on the row and press by the side of each plant gently with the foot. This compacts the soil and excludes the air from the roots until new rootlets are formed, which will usually be in forty-eight hours, after which all danger is over. After the planting of the Celery is completed, nothing further is to be done for six

or seven weeks, except going through between the rows with a cultivator or hoe, and freeing the plants of weeds until they get strong enough to crowd them down. This will bring us to about the middle of August, by which time we have usually that moist and cool atmosphere essential to the growth of Celery. Then we begin the "earthing-up" necessary for the blanching and whitening of that which is wanted for use during the months of September, October and November. The first operation is that of "handling," as we term it; that is, after all the soil has been drawn up against the plant with a hoe, it is further closed around each plant by the hand, firm enough to keep the leaves in an upright position and prevent them from spreading. This being done, more soil is drawn against the row (either by the plow or hoe, as circumstances require), so as to keep the plant in this upright position. The blanching process must, however, be finished by the spade, which is done by digging the soil from between the rows and banking it up clear to the top on each side of the row of Celery. Three feet is ample distance between the dwarf varieties, but when larger sorts are used the width of the rows must be at least four and a half or five feet.

CORN, Sugar.

German, Welschkorn. French, Mais. Spanish, Maiz. 1 qt. for 200 hills; 8 to 10 qts. in hills for an acre,

All varieties of Sweet, or Sugar, Corn, may be either sown in rows four and a half feet apart and the seeds placed abouf eight inches apart in the rows, or planted in hills at distances of three or four feet each way, according to the variety grown or the richness of the soil in which it is planted. The taller the variety, or the richer the soil, the greater should be the distance apart. We make our first plantings in this vicinity about the middle of May and continue successive plantings every two or three weeks until the last week in July. In more southerly latitudes planting is begun a month earlier and continued a month later.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Plant six feet apart in very rich soil, allowing only one ear to each plant. Country Gentleman, Stowell's Evergreen and Mammoth Sugar are the best for exhibition. Water occasionally with liquid manure.

CRESS, or Pepper Grass.

German, Kresse. French, Cresson. Spanish, Mastruco.

A well-known, pungent salad. Requires to be sown thickly in rows and covered very slightly. Sow in April in open ground in rows one foot apart, and thin out as needed. To keep up a succession, sow frequently, as all varieties deteriorate rapidly.

CUCUMBER.

German, Gurke. French, Concombre. Spanish, Cohombre.

1 oz. for 60 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. in hills for an acre.

Cucumbers succeed best in warm, rich, sandy loam. They should not be planted in the open air until there is a prospect of settled warm weather, in the vicinity of St. Louis about the middle of May. Plant in hills about four feet apart each way. The hills should be previously prepared by mixing with the soil of each a shovelful of well-rotted manure. Plant eight or ten seeds in each hill. When all danger from insects is past, thin out the plants, leaving three or four of the strongest to each hill. The fruit should be gathered when large enough, whether required for use or not, as, if left to ripen on the vines, it destroys their productiveness.

FOR EXHIBITION.—The White Spine is most handsome. Not more than two or three fruits should be allowed to grow on each vine, and superfluous growth of vine should be removed in order to throw all the strength into

the fruit.

EGG PLANT.

German, Eierpflanze. French, Aubergine.
Spanish, Berengena.
1 oz. for 1,000 plants.

The Egg Plant will thrive well in any good garden soil, but will repay good treatment. The seed should be sown in hot-beds or warm greenhouse, in March or April, and when about an inch high, pot in two-inch pots. Plant out, about June 1st, two and a half feet apart. If no hot-bed is at hand, they can be grown in any light room where the temperature will average seventy-five degrees.

FOR EXHIBITION.—The New York Improved Spineless is unsurpassed. Set the plants three to four feet apart and water with liquid manure, allowing not more than two

fruits to each plant.

ENDIVE.

German, Endivien. French, Chicoree.
Spanish, Endivia.
I oz. for 100 feet of drill, or 2,000 plants.

Endive is one of the best salads for Fall and Winter use. Sow for an early supply about the middle of April. As it is used mostly in the Fall months, the main sowings are made in June and July and transplanted one foot apart each way when of sufficient size. It requires no special soil or manure, and after transplanting, if kept clear of weeds until the plant has attained its full size, the process of blanching begins. This is effected by gathering up the leaves and tying them by their tips in conical form, with Raphia. This excludes the light and air from the inner leaves, which become blanched in the course of from three to six weeks, according to the temperature at the time. Another and more simple method consists in laying slats or boards on the plants as they grow, which serves the same purpose as the tying up. It can also be grown by sowing the seed and thinning out to one foot apart each way, as recommended for Lettuce.

KALE, or Borcole.

German, Blatter-Kohl. French, Chou Vert. Spanish, Breton.

1 oz. will sow 150 feet of drill.

Kale, or Borecole, may be grown in almost any soil, but the richer it is the more abundant the product. If wanted for use in the late Fall or early Winter, sow early in June and transplant as directed for Cabbage, middle of July. If needed for Spring use, sow Siberian about middle of August and transplant a month later. Of all the Cabbage tribe, this is the most tender and delicate, and would be much more extensively grown than it is, if its excellent qualities were more generally known. The varieties are all extremely hardy, and are best when touched by frost.

LEEK.

German, Lauch. French, Poireau. Spanish, Puerro.

1 oz. will sow 100 feet of drill.

The Leek is very hardy and easily cultivated; it succeeds best in a light but well-enriched soil. Sow as early in spring as practicable, in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high they may be transplanted in rows ten inches apart each way, as deep as possible, that the neck, being covered, may be blanched. If fine Leeks be desired, the ground can hardly be made too rich, for the Leek is a gross feeder.

LETTUCE.

German, Lattich. French, Laitue. Spanish, Lechuga, 1 oz. for 3,000 plants.

The cultivation of Lettuce is universal by all who have gardens, and from its tractable nature and freedom from nearly all insects and diseases, it is manageable in the hands of every one. For early crop, seed may be sown in the open ground in the middle of September, and transplanted to cold frames as soon as large enough to handle, being wintered over in the same manner as early Cabbage. Seeds may be sown in well-protected frames in February and in hot-beds in March, and by careful covering up at night will make fine plants by April for Spring planting. But for ordinary private use in the Summer months, the simplest way is to sow it thinly in rows one foot apart, early in the Spring, and thin out the plants so that they will stand one foot apart. This is easier than transplanting, and if sown every two or three weeks from the middle of August, Lettuce may be had in perfection the whole season. Lettuce plants may be saved over the Winter without glass covering in Southern parts of the country, in dry, wellsheltered spots, by covering with leaves or litter late in the season.

MELON, Musk.

German, Melone. French, Melon. Spanish, Melon.

1 oz. for 60 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. in hills for an acre.

Melons thrive best in a moderately enriched light soil; the hills should be from three to six feet apart each way, according to the richness of the soil. If soil is poor or sandy, plant at four feet. Previous to planting, incorporate well with the soil in each hill a couple of shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure; plant eight or ten seeds in each hill early in May, for latitude of St. Louis; for south earlier, for further north later, and when well up thin out to three or four of the most promising.

MELON, Water.

German, Wasser-Melone. French, Melon d'Eau Spanish, Sandia.

1 oz. for 30 hills; 4 to 5 lbs. in hills for an acre.

Water Melons require a rich though rather sandy soil for best development, and thrive best in warm latitudes, growing best in the Southern or Southwestern States, although in warm, sandy soils in this latitude fine crops are often obtained from northern-grown seed. Cultivate exactly as for Musk Melons, except that the hills should be eight and ten feet apart.

OKRA, or Gumbo.

German, Essbarer. French, Gombo. Spanish, Quibombo.

It is of the easiest culture, and grows freely, bearing abundantly in any garden soil. It is sown at the usual time of all tender vegetables—in this section middle of May—in drills two inches deep, thinning the plants from two to three feet apart in row.

ONION.

German, Zwiebel. French, Oignon Spanish, Cebolla.

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill; 5 or 6 lbs. in drills for an acre.

The Onion thrives best in a rather deep, rich, loamy soil. The best culture requires that the ground should be deeply trenched or plowed and manured the previous Autumn and laid up in ridges during the Winter to pulverize. As early in the Spring as the ground is in working order, commence operations by leveling the ground with a harrow or rake, and roll or tread it firmly; sow thinly in drills, about a quarter of an inch deep and one foot apart; cover with fine soil and press down with the back of a spade, or a light roller, or with the foot, along each row. When the young plants are strong enough, thin gradually so that they stand three or four inches apart. Keep the surface of the ground open and free from weeds by frequent hoeing, taking care not to stir the soil too deeply or to collect it about the growing bulbs.

PARSLEY.

German, Petersilie. French, Persil. Spanish, Peregil. 1 oz. for 150 feet of drill.

Parsley succeeds best in a rich, mellow soil. As the seed germinates very slowly, three or four weeks elapsing sometimes before it makes its appearance, it should be sown early in spring, great care being taken that the drills be not more than an inch in depth, and that the seed be well pressed down after sowing. Sow thickly in rows a foot apart and half an inch deep. For winter use, protect in a frame or light cellar, or a few plants may be placed in pots or boxes and kept in the house for convenient use in Winter.

PARSNIP.

German, Pastinake. French, Panais. Spanish, Pastinaca.

1 oz. for 200 feet of drill; 5 to 6 lbs. in drills for an acre.

Sow as early in Spring as the weather will admit, in drills eighteen inches apart, covering half an inch deep. When well up, thin out to five or six inches apart in the rows. Unlike Carrots, they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in Fall a certain quantity for Winter use and store as directed for Turnips, leaving the rest in the ground until Spring to be dug up as required.

PEAS.

German, Erbse. French, Pois. Spanish, Guizante.

1 qt. for 75 feet of drill; 2 to 3 bushels
in drills for an acre.

Peas come earlier to maturity in light, rich soil. For general crop, a deep loam, or a soil strongly inclining to clay, is best. For early crops, decomposed leaves or leaf mould, if convenient, may be used; or, if the soil is very poor, well-rotted manure should be used. For general crop, a good dressing should be applied, and for the dwarf growing kinds the soil can hardly be too rich. When grown as a market crop, Peas are sown in single rows, two or three inches deep and from two to three feet apart, according to height of variety or the strength of the soil. When grown in small quantities for private use, they are generally sown in double rows, six or eight inches apart, and the tall varieties staked up by brush or Pea Trellis. For an early crop, sow in February, March or April, according to latitude, as soon as the ground can be worked, and make repeated sowings every two weeks for succession. After the first of June sowing should be discontinued until August, when a good crop may sometimes be secured by sowing an extra early sort for Fall use.

PEPPER.

German, Pfeffer. French, Piment. Spanish, Pimiento. Requires exactly the same treatment as directed for Egg Plant.

FOR EXHIBITION.—Ruby King, Sweet Spanish and Bull Nose are the most desirable and attractive varieties. The plants should stand two and one-half to three feet apart to admit abundance of sunlight. Plenty of manure or fertilizer should be worked into the soil around the roots, and frequent applications of liquid manure should be given.

PUMPKIN.

German, Kurbis. French, Courge. Spanish, Calabaza.
1 oz. for 30 to 50 hills.

Pumpkins are now principally cultivated for agricultural purposes. They are usually planted in fields of corn or potatoes, but may be profitably raised in fields by themselves. Sow first of May in this latitude, in hills eight feet apart.

RADISH.

German, Rettig, Radieschen. French, Radis, Rave, Petit Rave. Spanish, Rabano.

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill; 9 to 10 lbs. in drills for an acre.

Radishes thrive best in a light, sandy loam. Heavy or clayey soils not only delay their maturity, but produce crops much inferior, both in appearance and flavor. For a continuous supply sow from the middle of March until September, at intervals of two or three weeks. For an early supply they may be sown in a hot-bed in February, care being taken to give plenty of ventilation, otherwise they will run to leaves. If plaster is incorporated with the soil in the rows at time of sowing the seed, the Radishes will always turn out brighter in color, crisper and of better quality.

RHUBARB.

German, Rhabarber French, Rhubarbe. Spanish, Ruibarbo Bastardo.

Sow in April, in drills a foot a part, thinning out to about the same distance apart in rows when a few inches high. The following spring transplant into deep, rich soil, about three feet apart each way. If propagated by dividing the roots, it may be done either in fall or spring, planting it at the same distance apart as given above. The soil cannot be too rich.

SALSIFY, or Oyster Plant.

German, Bocksbart.
French, Salsifis.
Spanish, Ostra Vegetal.
1 oz. to 75 feet of drill.

The Oyster Plant succeeds best in light, well-enriched, mellow soil, which, previous to sowing the seeds, should be stirred to a depth of eighteen inches. Sow early in spring, in drills eighteen inches apart; cover the seeds with fine soil an inch and a half in depth, and when the plants are strong enough, thin out to six inches apart.

SPINACH.

German, Spinat. French, Epinard. Spanish, Espinaca.

1 oz. for 100 feet of drill; 10 to 12 lbs. in drills
for an acre.

Sow thinly in rows about twelve or fifteen inches apart. The main crop is sown in September. It is sometimes covered up in exposed places with straw or salt hay during winter, which prevents it from being cut with the frost, but in sheltered fields there is no necessity for covering. For summer use it may be sown at intervals of two or three weeks, from April to August. Spinach is best developed and most tender and succulent when grown in rich soil.

SQUASH.

German, Kurbiss. French, Courge. Spanish, Calabasa Tomtanera.

1 oz. for 50 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. in hills for an acre.

It is useless to sow until the weather has become settled and warm. Light, rich soils are best suited to their growth, and it is most economical of manure to prepare hills for the seeds in the ordinary manner by incorporating two or three shovelfuls of well-rotted manure with the soil for each hill, as is done for Melons. For bush varieties, from three to four feet each way, and for the running sorts, from eight to ten feet. Eight or ten seeds should be sown in each hill, thinning out after they have attained their third and fourth leaves, leaving three or four of the strongest plants.

TOMATO.

German, Liebesapfel. French, Tomate. Spanish, Tomate.

1 oz. for every 1,500 plants; 4 lb. to transplant for an acre.

The seed should be sown early in March in a hot-bed, greenhouse, or inside the window of sitting-room, where a night temperature of not less than sixty degrees is kept, in drills five inches apart and half an inch deep. When the plants are about two inches high, they should be set out three inches apart in boxes three inches deep, or potted into three-inch pots, allowing a single plant to a pot. They are sometimes shifted a second time into larger pots, by which process the plants are rendered more sturdy and branching. About the middle of May, in this latitude, the plants may be set in the open ground. They are planted for early crops on light, sandy soil, at a distance of three feet apart, in hills in which a good shovelful of rotten manure has been mixed. On heavy soils which are not suited for an early crop, they should be planted four feet apart. Water freely at the time of transplanting, and shelter from the sun a few days until the plants are established. Tomatoes will always produce greater crops and be of better flavor when staked up, or when trained against walls or fences.

TURNIP.

German, Steekrube. French, Navet. Spanish, Nabo Coman.

1 oz. to 150 feet of drill; 1 to 2 lbs. per acre in arills.

Turnips do best in highly enriched, light, sandy or gravelly soil; commence sowing the earliest varieties in April in drills, from twelve to fifteen inches apart, and thin out early to six or nine inches in the rows. For a succession, sow at intervals of a fortnight until the last week in May for early crop, and from August to September for late. August sowings may be made for the Fall and main crops. Turnips may be preserved until Spring by cutting off the tops about one inch from the bulb and storing them in a cellar or cool shed during Winter, covering the roots with dry sand; they should be harvested before severe frosts set in, for, though comparatively hardy, few of the varieties will survive the Winters of the Northern States in the open ground.

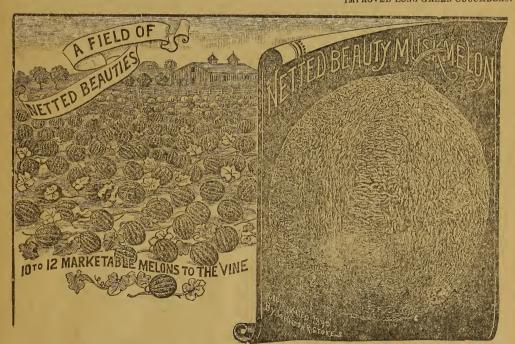
SEEDS OF SPECIAL MERIT.

Improved Long Green Cucumber.

This is one of the best Cucumbers; dark green, long fruit of excellent quality; good for early or late. Per packet, 5c.; per ounce, 10c.; per quarter pound, 20c.; per pound, 60c.



IMPROVED LONG GREEN CUCUMBERS.



This is one of the earliest Musk Melons; very productive; densely netted; free from ribs.

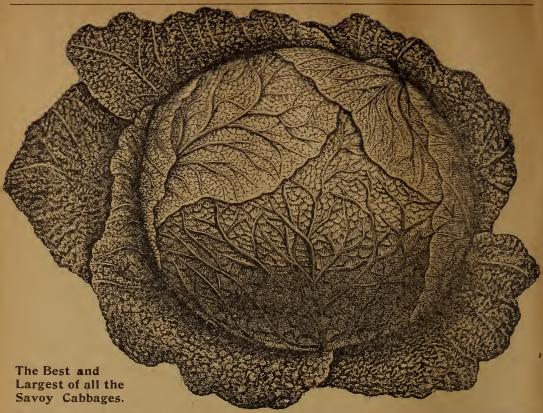
Per oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1 lb., 90c.

New Musk Melon-PAUL ROSE.

In the "Paul Rose" we are offering the best orange-fieshed Musk Melon introduced for many years. It is a cross of the Osage with the Netted Gem, and combines the sweetness of the former with the fine netting of the Gem. It also has a firmness of rind and "cheesy" structure of fiesh peculiarly its own, and is superior in these respects to many melons in existence. It surpasses many melons as a shipper and long keeper, and no other melon equals it in smallness of seed cavity or approaches it in firmness. It is uniform in shape and averages about five inches in diameter, weighing about one and one-half pounds. It is an excellent seller and brings better prices than any other orange-fieshed melon.

Per packet, 10c.; per ounce, 25c.; per quarter pound, 75c.; per pound, \$2.50, postpaid.

GOOD SEED is the most important item to a gardener or farmer. From them the products that bring their profits are produced. Buy our Seeds and increase your profits.



AMERICAN DRUMHEAD SAVOY.—The largest heading Savoy; of excellent flavor, and a general favorite with market gardeners and truckers. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.25.

Late French Market.

This is the original Late French Market Cabbage Seed. Three years ago we bought a quarter pound of this original stock seed at a very high price, from one of our French friends, and sent it to one of America's best Cabbage Seed growers, on Long Island. We have a limited quantity to offer this season. A trial will convince you that this is the only Late Cabbage to grow. It is much later than any other, and will keep better than any other. Per ounce, 40c; per quarter pound, \$1.50; per pound, \$5.00.



LATE FRENCH MARKET CABBAGE.

LETTUCE. Lattich oder Halat.

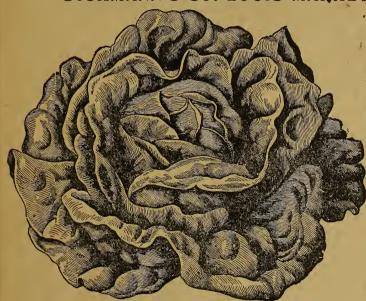
New Sensation Lettuce.

This remarkable variety, first introduced a few years since, has rapidly grown in popularity until it has become one of the leaders in our sales of seed among gardeners. It is valuable for growing in cold frames, and in open ground during the summer months. No other lettuce thrives so well, withstanding the hottest weather in a remarkable degree. It is a beautiful light yellowish green color, leaves much blistered on the surface, and has the peculiarity of forming a solid head, even before half grown. Its uniform, handsome and even growth is unequaled, and it is one of the easlest to grow. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 70c; lb., \$1.75.

1		
	OZ.	LB.
Jos. S. Dickmann's St. Louis Market		
Lettuce, W. S	\$0 15	\$1 75
Early White Butter, W. S	15	2 00
Big Boston, new, W. S.	20	3 00
St. Louis Forcing, B. S.	20	2 50
Royal Butter, new, W. S.	20	2 50
Buttercup, W. S.	15	2 00
Dickmann's Private Stock, B. S	15	2 50
Mammoth Butter, B. S.	20	2 75
Early Tennis Ball, W. S.	15	2 00
Yellow Seeded Butter, Y. S.	15	2 00
Brown Dutch, B. S	15	2 00
Hardy Green Winter, W. S.	15	2 00



DICKMANN'S ST. LOUIS MARKET LETTUCE.



DICKMANN'S ST. LOUIS MARKET LETTUCE.

MARKET LETTUCE is one of the best for all purposes. It can not be recommended too highly. Good for forcing and out of doors. A solid heading sort. Will not grow into seed as quick as other Lettuce. Will stand the heat through the hot summer months. There is a great deal of St. Louis Market Lettuce sold by other seedsmen, BUT NOT THIS ORIGINAL STRAIN. No gardener can afford to be without this, THE BEST OF ALLLETTUCES, not only sold under that name, but the genuine stock. A small trial will convince you. Oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

Here is an Unsolicited Letter from one of our Leading Gardeners.

ST. Louis, May 31, 1395.

Mr. Jos. F. Dickmann, City.

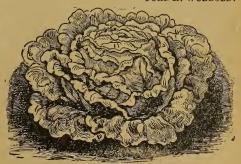
DEAR SIR-I have sold the first st. Louis Market Lettuce raised from the seed I bought of you. It turned out fine. I am satisfied that none can be bought in st. Louis, or anywhere else, that would surpass it in quality. I therefore recommenditto all gardeners as the genuine St. Louis Market Lettuce.

Most respectfully, John R. Wuebold.

LETTUCE.

ST. LOUIS BLACK-SEEDED FORCING.

This is the leading forcing variety with St. Louis market gardeners, and should be used by all who grow Head Lettuce for the market. It is the best for forcing under glass or early planting outdoors. Plants medium size, having thick green leaves, and when well grown forming very compact, solid heads. Pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; ½ lb., 50c; lb.. \$1.75.



NEW TOMATOES.

It is false economy to try to save on the first cost of Tomato Seed—a little seed goes so far. And yet the country is almost "flooded" with cheap Tomato Seed, saved without any regard to selection, and sometimes even the refuse of canning establishments. Our Tomatoes are grown especially for seed, and actually cost us more than double the prices at which we are offered annually so-called "pure seed cheap." "A word to the wise is sufficient."

the wise is sufficient."

WHITE'S EXCELSIOR. Described as follows by the originator, Mr. White, who has made a specialty of growing and perfecting this Tomato for years, and is confident that this variety is a great improvement over all other Purple Tomatoes:

"The vine is dark green, grows rapid and to a great size, bears a heavier crop than any other purple variety, and continues bearing until killed by frost. The fruits are a beautiful glossy dark or purple red, very large, set in great clusters, and resain their size until the end of the season. The seed cavity in the fruits is so small that they are nearly solid, unlike other Purple Tomatoes, the skin is tough and they will bear long shipments and hold their firmness several days longer than any other variety. long shipments and hold their firmness several days longer than any other variety. This is a great advantage for the local market, as well as for shipping. Is free from cracking, and ripens up evenly around the stem. The fruits of this variety are the most beautiful, most uniform, and have a greater diameter than any other Tomato. Many varieties are too long or too thin for their circumference. This objection is removed in the Excelsion."



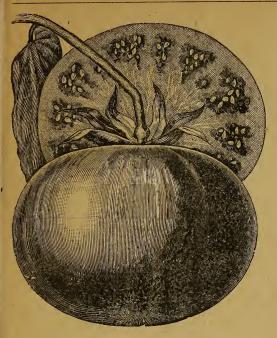
WHITE'S EXCELSIOR NEW TOMATO.

Four stock is grown for us by the originator, and all seed of this variety offered this season has its percentage in or from one 18-ounce Tomato grown by the originator last year that shows how carefully this variety is bred. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4,00. Prices given include postage or free delivery.



Described as follows by the

originator



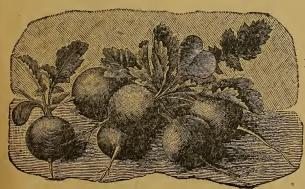
The Matchless Tomato.

The vines are of strong, vigorous growth, well set with fruit; the foliage is very rich dark green in color. The engraving accurately shows the shape and also the remarkable solidity of a section. They are entirely free from core, of a very rich cardinal red color, and are not liable to crack from wet weather. The fruits are of the largest size, and this is maintained throughout the season, the healthy growth of foliage continuing until killed by frost. Per packet, 5c.; per ounce, 25c.; per quarter pound, 70c.; per pound \$2.50.

ARTICHOKE ROOTS.

Drop the seeds early in spring and transplant in the following spring to hills four feet apart, setting from one to three plants in a hill. The soil should be deep and rich. Large green globe, per packet, 5c.; per oz., 25c.; per lb., \$3.50.

Artichoke Roots for hog feed will be found under Farm Seeds.



NE PLUS ULTRA RADISH.



RADISH.

NE PLUS ULTRA, OR EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP, FORCING. This has as small a top, and is as early as any variety in cultivation, making it one of the best for forcing. Roots fit for use may be had in three weeks, or less, from the time of sowing. Roots small, globular; deep, rich red color; flesh white, crisp and tender when young. May be planted very closely, owing to its small tops. Oz., 10c.; ½ lb., 25c.; pound, 70c.

BONNET GOURDS.



Rapid-growing vines, producing a great variety of curious fruits, some of which are quite useful, and others are valued for the rich, variegated markings. These markings retain their bright colors for years if fruits are gathered in the fall and thoroughly dried in a cool, airy place. Seed should be sown in hills or slightly raised borders when the weather becomes warm and the trees are out in full leaf, and should have a trellis or brush support on which to climb. Large pkt., 10c.

"CUPID" SWEET PEA.

THE BEAUTIFUL CINNAMON VINE.



The Cinnamon Vine is one of the most charming of climbers and will quickly cover an arbor, window or verands with a great profusion of vines and sweet-scented flowers, making it a perfect bower of beauty. The vine is perfectly hardy, and once planted will grow for many years, and be a source of constant delight to the possessor. There is nothing that will give a home a more home-flied and cozy appearance, or be a surer index of refinement and culture, than beautiful vines twining about the porch and trellises.

Prices of the Cinnamon Vine. We will mail three nice roots or tubes for 30c; streen 50c; 12 for \$1.00; 30 for \$2.00; 100 for \$5.00 (no order filled for less than three roots). We pack them carefully in boxes, and guarantee safe arrival.

Giant Imperial Japanese Morning Glories.



The First Form of a Dwarf Sweet Pea. This is a novelty of unusual importance. It is a Dwarf Sweet Pea, the plant growing only 5 inches high, yet spreading out and forming a solid mat of foliage and flowers 1½ feet across. The blossoms are pure milk white, very sweet, of largest size and great substance, and borne on stems 4 inches long, 3 flowers on each stem. It begins to bloom as early as May, and, unlike the climbing Sweet Peas, continues in profusion until killed by frost. This is a remarkable feature, and makes it at once one of the most superb plants for bedding, massing and edging in cultivation. For pot culture, also, it is of great value, being novel, unique, fragrant, always full of flowers and superlatively beautiful. Small pkts., 5c; large pkts., 10c.



Mixed Colors. Many beautiful varieties are included in this, different from those shown on the plate; there are solid colors, ranging through reds from soft rose to crimson, bronze and garnet maroon; from daintiest light blue to ultramarine, indigo and blackish purple; from prow white to cream and silver gray. Some are striped, blotched and spotted; others have magnificent edges and throat; including purple, with white edge and red throat; with the dushed plnk, with white red throat; carmine, with white edge and red shaded throat; garnet, with white throat; copper color, with white throat, etc. Pkt., 10c.

DOUBLE-FLOWERING MORNING GLORIES. Mixed Colors. Per pkt., 10c.

VEGETABLE SEEDS.

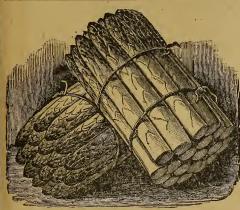
Fresh and True to Name. Crop 1900.

The prices quoted are those ruling this month, January, 1901. Fluctuations may be expected; as the season advances, many articles are short and scarce.

Dickmann-Dusard Seed Company give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

All seeds in this list can be had in 5-cent packages.

We sell one-quarter pound at one-pound rates.



PALMETTO ASPARAGUS.

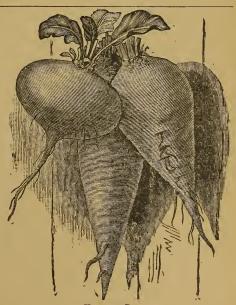
ASPARAGUS. Spargel.

COT OSSAT The mast summer l	oz	•	LB	
and standard sort	\$0	10	\$0	50
PALMETTO. Of Southern origin; a very desirable Asparagus		10		75

For Roots, see page 57.

BEETS. Balatrüben.

Extra Earley Flat Egyptian\$0	oz. 10	ьв. \$0 45
Extra Early Crosby	10	50
Edmund's Blood Turnip	10	50
Eclipse	10	50
Bastian's Blood Turnip	10	50
Long Smooth Blood Red	10	40
Swiss Chard	10	50



VARIOUS BEETS

Dwarf or Bush Beans. Busdybohnen.

GREEN OR PODDED SORT.



The Bean Crop
has been
very short in 1900,
especially on

....

Green Podded Sorts.



HOPKINS' IMPROVED RED VALENTINE

¥

All our Beans are

Eastern and Canadian

Grown. There is no
better Stock in this or

any other Market.

Hopkins' Improved Round Pod Extra Early Valentine. This is the best	QT.	GAL.	BU.
all-round Valentine in the market	\$0 35	\$0 75	\$5 00
Round Pod Valentine	35	65	5 50
Early Mohawk, large, flat	35	65	5 00
Extra Early Yellow Long Six Weeks	35	65	5 00
Best of All, a favorite in the South	35	65	5 00
New Extra Early Refugee, or "1,000 to 1"	35	65	4 50
New White Valentine	35	75	5 00
New Stringless, green, round pod, the coming market garden bean	40	90	6 00
White Marrow, a good string or shell bean	15	40	3 50
White Navy (everybody knows them	15	35	3 00
Prolific Tree, larger than Navy	35	65	5 50
New Mexican Bean, for Chile con Carne	40	90°	6 00

Sugar Beets and Mangels. Mangel.

	OZ.	LB.
Mammoth Long Red, very large strain\$	10	\$0 35
Norbiton Giant, very fine, large sort	10	35
Golden Tankard, yellow, very productive	10	35
Yellow Globe, a good keeper	10	35
Improved White Sugar, extra fine	10	35
Vilm White Sugar, a French sort	10	35
÷ ,		

Brussels Sprouts. Sproffen-Kohl.

	OZ.	I	LB.	
Best French or Roseberry, very fine \$0	15	\$2	00	ĺ,
Improved Half Long, the very best strain	15	2	00	١

Broccoli. Hvaraelkohl

Dioceon. Spittigetkung.			
	oz.	LB.	
Early Purple Cape, the best for this climate\$0	10	\$0 45	
Early White Cape, with large, close heads	10	60	

GARDEN SEEDS Write your NAME PLAINLY, give POST OFFICE, COUNTY and STATE every time you write. FIELD... SEEDS ORDER SHEET.

Dickmann-Dusard Seed Co.

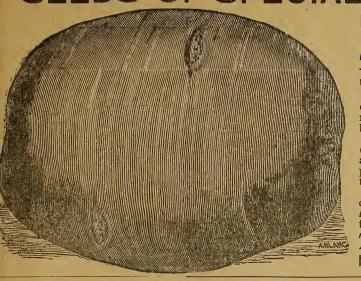
1110 and II12 North Third Street.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Date,190	AMOUNT ENCLOSED
Forward to	Cash,
Post Office	P. O. Order
Express Office	Draft,
County	c. o. d.
State	DON'T WRITE IN THIS SPACE.
Manner goods should be forwarded	1
By what Railroad	
By what Express	
QUANTITIES ARTICLES	PRICE



SEEDS OF SPECIAL MERIT.



New Extra Early Potato.

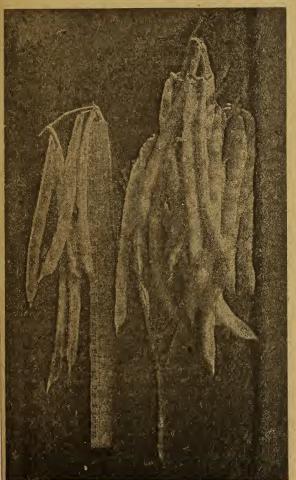
The Greatest, Most Marvelous Potato Originated in Centuries.

No description can adequately describe its many merits. Never has its equal been produced.

Fit for market in Five (5) Weeks after planting; and has yielded 1294 bushels per acre in experimental

Think of the dollars you can make by planting Admiral Dewey, and selling New Potatoes 4 to 6 weeks before your neighbors, who do not have Admiral Dewey.

Price, per Bu. \$2.00; per Pk. 60c



YARD LONG POLE BEAN.

	Mruniten Ab	itti	eti.	4 3 . 5		errore.
	Ž Q	T.				
	Lazy Wives, old					
	standard sort\$0	30	\$1	00	\$7	00
	Greaseback, or Fat					
	Horse	25		90	6	00
	Scarlet Runner, fine				100	- 19
	red flowers	25		85	5	00
	Dutch Case Knife	25		95	6	50
	Horticulture Cran-				81-	1. 9
	berry	20	MANUEL STATE	85	5	50
	White Cornfield, the	•	with the same	RESULT.	T For	1
	best corn bean	25	New -	95		50
	Speckled Cut Short		A STATE OF			
	Corn Bean	25	1"	00	7	00
	Kentucky Wonder,			Riscort.		
	or Old Homestead,	30		95	6	75
	French Asparagus,			26.79	Mark Bridge	No.
	or Yard Long, per			Carrie	· debt	estated.
	lb., 50c	00	1977		200	
_	101, 000			• • • • • • •		_



POLE LIMA BEANS.

Bush Lima Beans.

Busch-oder Niedrige Butter-Bohnen.

English Dwarf Beans.

Große Bohnen.

 QT.
 GAL.
 BUSH.

 Broad Windsor
 \$0 25 \$0 90 \$7 00

 Sword Long Pod
 25 90 6 75



Wax Podded Beans. Wachs Bohnen.

The Best Wax Bean for the Market Gardener.

	QT.	GAL.	BUSH.
Wardwell's Kidney Wax \$0	25	\$90	\$7_00
Yosemite Wax, large	25	1 00	7 00
Speckled Wax, very fine	25	95	6 75
Golden Eyed Wax	25	85	5 00
German Black Wax	25	85	5 00
Davis Kidney Wax	25	90	6 00
White Kidney Wax	25	90	6 00
New Prolific Black Wax	25	90	6 00
Improved Golden Wax, a standard sort	25	95	6 00
New Improved Rust-proof Wax	25	90	6 00





EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD CABBAGE

DICKMANN'S RELIABLE

Cabbage Seed.

Rraut Camen.

Select Early Jersey Wake-	oz.	LB.
field\$0	25	\$3 50
Charleston Wakefield	25	3 50
Early Summer, a fine sort	25	2 50
Early Brunswick	20	2 25
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch	20	2 25
Early Eclipse	25	3 25
Lupton, or Improved Van-		
dergaw	25	3 50



Cabbage-continued

cabbage	AL CA	iiuc	u.
Dickmann's Giant Sum- mer, the best summer	oz.	L	в.
cabbage\$0	30	\$4	00
All Season	25	3	25
Premium Late Drum-			
head	25	3	00
Premium Late Flat Dutch	20	3	00
Succession (Hender-			
son's)	25	3	00
Sure Head (Burpee's)	20	2	75
Luxemburg	25	3	25
Hollander, or Danish	25	3	00
Late St. Louis Market,			
the very best for late,	40	5	00

Red Cabbage.

Roth Kraut.

·	Z.	L	В.
Red Dutch\$0	20	\$3	00
Early Blood Red Erfurt,	20	2	75
Mammoth Rock Red	25	3	00

American Drumhead Savoy.

The largest heading Savoy; of excellent flavor, and a general favorite with market gardeners and truckers \$0.30 Early Dwarf Ulm Savoy \$20	
Early Dwarf Ulm Savoy	\$3 25
	2 75
Netted Savoy	2 75

CAULIFLOWER.

Blinnenkohl.

	10	z.	20	z.
Erfurt Earliest Dwarf	\$4	00	\$7	00
Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt	4	00	7	00
Extra Early Paris	2	00	3	50
Extra Early Snowball	2	50	4	5 0
Large Select Danish	2	00	3	50
Large Late Algiers	2	00	3	50



ERFURT EARLIEST DWARF CAULIFLOWER.

WE SELL ONE-FOURTH POUND AT POUND RATES: ****

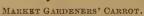
COLLARDS. Blätterkohl.

	oz.	LB.
True Georgia, the leading sort	\$ 0 10	\$0 75



CARROTS. Gelbe Buben.

	oz.	LB.
Extra Early Forcing	\$0 10	\$1 20
Early Half Long, stump-rooted	10	90
Early Long Scarlet, pointed	10	90
Oxheart, or Guerande	• 10	1 20
Danver Half Long	10	65
Market Gardeners' Best Strain	10	75
Long Orange Improved	10	65
Chatenay, or Model	10	65
Half Long Rubicon	10	50
Victoria, good for stock	10	50
White Belgian	10	50



CELERY. Fellevie.

	oz.	LB	3.
White Plume	0 25	\$2	75
Pink Plume (new)	25	3	00
Kalamazoo	20	2	50
Golden Self-Blanching	25	3	25
New Giant Pascal	20		50
Boston Mark-t	20	.2	50
Heartwell's Perfection	20	2	50
Dwarf Golden Heart	20	2	50
Flavoring Celery			25

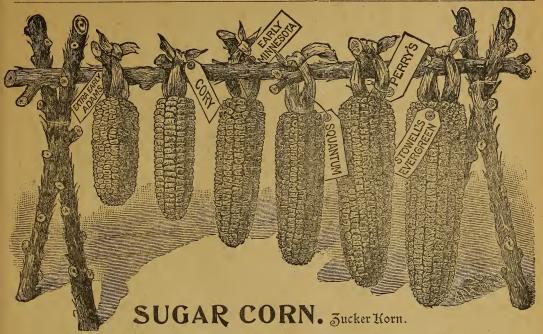
We Sell One-Fourth Pound at Pound Rate.



GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY.

CELERIAC. Anollen Bellevie.

	oz.	LB.
Giant Prague, the largest of all	0 20	\$2 25
Large Erfurt, smooth and fine flavor	20	2 25
Apple Shaped, smaller than the other sort	20	2 25
Large Improved Paris, a new imported kind	20	2 25



If to be sent by Mail, 15 Cents per Quart for Postage must be added.

	GAL.	BUSH	r. ₁		GAL.	В	USH.
Country Gentleman	\$0 40	\$3 0	0	Stowell's Evergreen	\$0 4	0 \$	\$3 00
Early Cory	40	3 0	0	Late Mammoth	. , 4	0	2 7
Crosby's Extra Early	40	3 0	0	Extra Early Mammoth	. 4	0	2 78
Early Minnesota	40	2 7	5	Shakers' Early	. 5	0	3 2
Perry's Hybrid	50	3 2	5	Ballard's Early	. 5	0	3 2
Clark's None-Such	50	3 2	5	Early Champion	. 5	0	3 78
	DE	10	-	N			

CARDOON. Karboon.

	UZ.	LD.	
Large Solid, the best kind	\$0 30	\$3 25	

CHERVIL. Besenlauch.

			oz.	LB.
Curled	•	 	\$0 20	\$2 00

CHICORY. Shicorienwurzel.

	02.	22.
Large Rooted, the best for this climate	\$0 10	\$1 00

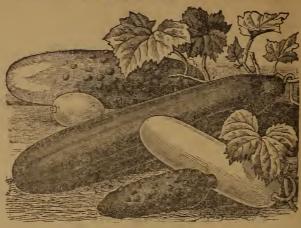


CORN SALAD, OR FETITICUS.

	CC	RN	SAL	AD.	feldsalat.
--	----	----	-----	-----	------------

	oz.	LB.
Large Leaved	\$0 10	\$0 75
Small Leaved	10	75

CUCUMBER. Gurken.



	OZ.	LB.
Evergreen White Spine	\$0 10	\$0 60
Improved White Spine	10	60
Arlington White Spine	10	60
Long Green	10	60
Extra Early Russian	10	60
Early Frame	10	60
Tailby's Hybrid, the best for pickles	10	75
St. Louis Pickle, very fine for pickles	10	60
New Giant of Pera, a very large sort	10	85
Boston Pickling, an old standard sort.	10	60
West India Gherkins, very small	10	75
Japanese Climbing, fine for Trellis	20	1 00

FORCING CUCUMBER. Treib Gurken.

	PET.	OZ.
General Grant, American Grown	\$0 15	\$1 00
Giant of Armstadt, imported	15	1 00
Glory of Erfurt, a favorite sort.	15	1 00
Swan Neck, very large sort	15	1 00

CRESS. Arresse.



		-		
TRITE	SX" A	TED	CDWCC	

		OL.	10	D .
True Water	\$0	35	\$3	00
New Upland		50	5	00
Common, or Peppergrass		10		65

DANDELION. Comenzahn.

		0 12 1	-	
Improved Large-Leaved	\$ 0	15	\$0	75
French Garden, the very finest			2	

EGG PLANT. Eierpflanze.

		oz.	LB.		
New York Improved	\$0	35	\$3	00	
Black Pekin		35	3	25	
Early Long Purple			3		

ENDIVE. Endivien.

	oz.	I	в.
Green Curled Summer	15	\$1	75
Green Curled Winter	15	1	75
Broad-Leaved Escarolle		1	• •
Self Blanching (new)	20	2	00



KALE, or Borecole.

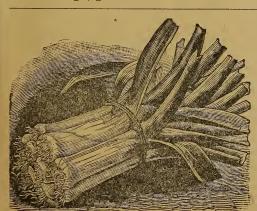
Blätterkohl oder Krauskohl.

. 0	z.	L	в.
Predeck's Winter\$0	10	\$0	50
Improved Siberian	10		65
	10		85
Dwarf Green Scotch	10		85
Tall Green, imported from			
Germany	10		85



KOHLRABI. Kohl-Rabi.

	oz.		В.
Earliest White Erfurt\$0	20	\$2	75
Early White Vienna	20	2	75
Early Purple Vienna	20	3	00
Green Large, good for late	20	3	00



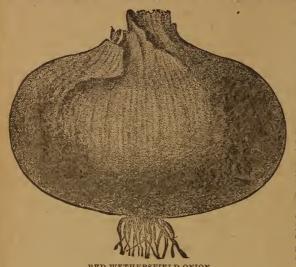
LARGE AMERICAN FLAG.



LEEK. Poree oder Lauch.

	oz.		в.		
Large Awerican Flag\$0	20	\$1	75		
Broad-Leaved	20	1	75		
Large Musselburg	20	1	75		
Large Carantan	25	2	50		

JOS. F. DICKMANN'S RELIABLE ONION SEED. Zwiebel Hamen.



compared with any reliable seed house.

For a more detailed description as to culture, see the book, "Onions for Profit;" price, 50c. Onion growers should have this book. No one can appreciate the value of reliable seed better than those who have been once disappointed. Too much care cannot be exercised in selecting your supply of Onion seed. There is no vegetable in which the quality of the seed exerts a greater influence upon the crop. Fully realizing this, we have for some years made a specialty of Onion seed, and have all our crops raised under special contract subject to careful supervision. In vitality it is very strong, being carefully tested. The rapid increase in our Onion seed trade among market gardeners and large growers of Onions, many of whom order from twenty-five to one hundred pounds, is the best evidence that our Onion seed is unexcelled in quality. If you use large quantities of Onion seed, it will pay you to write us for special prices, stating the amount required. Our prices will be as low as good Onion seed RED WETHERSFIELD ONION. can be sold for. We are not in the market to compete with old and worthless seed, but we are ready and willing to have our prices



HANSON'S LETTUCE.

					Lb	
Very h	ard	head	\$0	15	\$2	00

COS OR ROMAINE LETTUCE.

	Oz.	Lb.
Early White Self Folding	\$0 15	\$2 00
Paris White Cos		
Trianon	. 15	2 00

Curled Varieties. Krause Sorten.

	UZ.	LD.
Simpson's Early, very curly, white seed	\$0 15	\$1 65
Black Seeded Simpson, black seed	15	1 65
Early curled Silesia, white seed		
Boston Curled, white seed		
Grand Rapids Forcing, black seed		

MUSTARD. Freuf

Giant Curled, the best for early	10	\$0 65
Chinese Curled, or Southern, very fine	10	65
White English, for pickling	10	65
Common, home grown	10	50

MARTINIA. Gentlenhorn

		Oz.	Lb.
Proboscidea	 	0 25	\$2 50

MUSHROOM SPAWN. Champignonbrut.



MUSHROOM.

English

CULTURE.—Mushrooms may be grown in cellars, under benches of greenhouses, or in sheds, wherever the temperature of 50 degrees can be kept up through the winter. The beds should be made from November to February, according to the time the Mushrooms are wanted, and it requires about two months for them to begin bearing. Secure fresh horse dung, free from straw or litter, and mix an equal bulk of loam from an old pasture withit. Keep this under cover, taking care to turn it every day, to prevent heating until the pile is large enough to make a bed of the required size. Three or four feet wide, eight inches deep, and any length desired, are the proper proportions for a bed, but the semily be varied. Prepare the mixture of 1 am and manure, making the bed in layers, and pranding down each with the back of the spade. Leave this to heat through for a few days, and as soon as the heat subsides to 90 degrees, make holes in the bed about a footapart each way, into which put pleces of the spawn two or three inches in diameter, fill up the holes with the compost, and at the expiration of a week or ten days the spawn two or three inches in diameter, fill up the holes with the compost, and at the expiration of a week or ten days the spawn will have thoroughly diffused itself through the bed. Spread a layer of fresh soil over the heap to the depth of two inches and cover with three or four ince so they, straw or litter. Examine the bed often to see that it does not dry. Take special care, however, when water is given, that it be at a temperature of about 100 degrees.

From experience with French and English Spawn, we find there is an important difference between them. If the more in the bed is in proper condition the French Spawn will take hold and grow fully as well as the English, but if the bed is not in the right state it will often rot. The English Spawn on the contrary, after starting a little will remain in a comparatively dormant state for a long time without losing its vitality. It is well to keep these points in mind

.....\$0 20 \$11 00

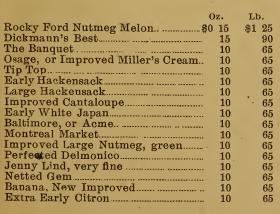
ROBINSON'S MUSHROOM CULTURE. A book giving directions how to raise Mushrooms. Per copy, postpaid \$1 00

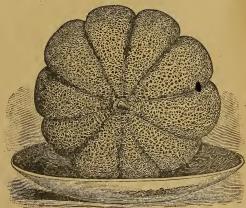
MUSHROOMS, AND HOW TO GROW THEM. By WM. FALCONER. The most complete book published in America on the cultivation of Mushrooms. Per copy, postpaid 1 50

MUSK MELON. Zucker-Melone.

Rocky Ford (Colorado) Nutmeg Melon.

This is one of the best-selling Melons on the St. Louis market—has brought double the. price of other nutmeg varieties. We have the true seed of this melon, have bought the Melons here and took the seed out ourselves, so as to get the original stock. A trial will convince you.





DICKMANN'S BEST MUSK MELONS,

PLEASE WRITE FOR PRICES IN LARGE QUANTITIES.

JOS. F DICKMANN'S RELIABLE ONION SEED—Continued.

GOOD ONION SEED is of the utmost importance. Fully realizing this, we make a specialty of the BEST Onion Seed. A dollar saved on the purchase of the seed is likely to be lost many times over when the bulbs are harvested. The first cost of the seed is a comparatively small item as compared with the expense involved in the proper preparation, fertilizing ard cultivation of the soil. This cost is fully as great, and frequently more cultivation is required to raise a crop of inferior bulbs from poor seed than to harvest a crop of fine, evenly ripened bulbs from a good strain of seed. Our Onion seed is grown only from choice selected bulbs, examined critically before being set out to produce seed. In quality, it is vastly superior to much that is put on the market, and which is grown chiefly with the object of producing the largest quantity of seed per acre. In vitality our seed is very strong, of quick and positive germination, as vitality trials are made from each bag of seed as soon as received, and further comparative trials as the season advances. The steady increase in our Onion Seed trade, particularly among market gardeners, proves that DICKMANN'S ONION SEED is unexcelled in quality.



THE GENUINE PRIZETAKER.

ONION SETS. Setz-Zwiebeln.

Yellow Bottom	
White Bottom	
Potato Onion	

New White Multiplier . White Tod, or Button Shallots .

Market Price.

Boxes, crates and harrels charged at cost price.

OKRA, or GUMBO. Esbarer.



DWARF, EXTRA CURLED PARSLEY.

	C	z.	LB.		
Dwarf					
Tall New White Velve		10		อบ	
Durant		10		=0	



OZ. 14 LB.

ONIONS.

90

00

75

1 10

OZ. 4 LB.

Yellow Danvers White Silver Skin, or White Portugal

ITALIAN

Extra Early White

Neapolitan Maggia-

White Adriatic Bar-

letta
White Queen......
GlantWhite Tripoli
Red Mam thTripoli
or Bermuda Red...
Glant Red Ro Ca.
Glant White Rocca
Mammeth Pempeli,
or Copper File

or Copper King...
Giant Yellow Rocca,
or Spanish King..
True Bermuda
Onton Seed.......

Shallot Seed, Imp. Chives Seed......

Italiänische Zwiebeln.

Prizetaker

Pearl

letta

LB

LB.

\$2 75

2 25

2 50

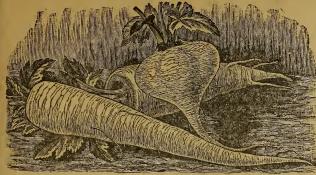
2 25

3 25

WHITE VELVET OKRA

PARSLEY. Petersilie.

	44 LB.	
Triple Curled, or Myatt's Garnishing \$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 75
Plain 10	20	50
Turnip-Rooted, or Hamburg 10	20	60
Fern-Leaved 10	20	65
Champion Moss Curled 10	20	65
Dwarf, Extra Curled 10	20	60



PARSNIP. Pastinaken.

	oz.	1	B.
Magnum Bonum	10	\$0	50
Large White Sugar	10		60
Student	10		60
Hollow Crown	10		50
New Maltese	10		65

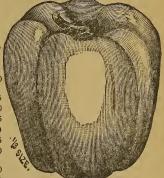
PEAS. Erbsen.

JOS. F. DICKMANN'S NORTHERN GROWN PEAS.

Our Seed Peas are of the very best quality obtainable, being all grown far north, riddled and carefully hand-picked. They are raised from the best selected stocks, and the crops are carefully "rogued," being subjected to the most critical and constant inspection. Our Seed Peas are stant inspection.

PEPPER. Pfeffer.

	oz.	LB	
Golden Upright\$	0 20	\$0 2 50	
Improved Sweet			V
Mountain	20	2 75	١
Long Red Cayenne,	20	2 50	
Chile, or Mexican	20	2 75	
Ruby King	20	2 50	
Celestial	20	2 75	
Cherry Red	20	3 00	
Large Bell, or Bull			
Nose	20	2 50	
Golden Dawn	20	2 50	



IMPROVED SWEET MOUNTAIN.

JOS. F. DICKMANN'S PRIZE-TAKER PEA.

LARGEST, MOST PROLIFIC AND SWEETEST.

This Pea is the result of years of careful selections among Peas; and, as is now offered to the public, is without doubt one of the best sorts in cultivation. Its habits resemble the Stratagem, branching, but compact in growth. Pous are long, straight and very broad. Seeds are green, wrickled and flattened resembling Yorkshire Hero, but much larger. It grows about eighteen inches high, and is ready for market just after Dickn ann-Dusard Seed Co.'s Second Early Market Peas. Coming in when Peas are in demand, every garden should have them in it to be complete.

Packet, 10c; half-pint, 15c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; gallon. \$1.50.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

	QT.	GA	L.	BU	SH.		QT.	GAL.	BUS	H.
Early May\$0	15	\$0	55	\$4	50	Rural New Yorker \$0	15	\$0 50	\$4	00
McLean's Blue Peter.						American Wonder	25	90	7	00
Tom Thumb	20		55	4	50	Extra Early Premi-				
Philadelphia Extra						um Gem	20	75	6	00
Early	15		50	4	00		20		5	
Dickmann's Extra						Daniel O'Rourke	15	50	3	75
Early Market	15		50	4	00	Nott's Excelsior	25	90	7	00
Gradus, or Prospe-						Alaska	20	65	4	50
rity	50	- 1	75	10	00	Little Gem	20	.75	5	50
SECOND EADI	1.7		<i>a</i> 1	F A	TC	VADIETIES C. 24.	57	T. ~		

	QT.	GAL.	BU	SH.
Dickmann's Second				
Early Market Gar-				
den \$0	20	\$0.70	\$5	25
New Pea Heroine	25			
Abundance	20			
Long Island Mam-			Ŭ	
moth	20	75	5	75
McLean's Advancer	20		5	
Horsford's Market	20	.0	0	20
Garden	20	75	6	nn
	20	.0	U	UU
EDIBLE POTTED	SO	DRTS		31

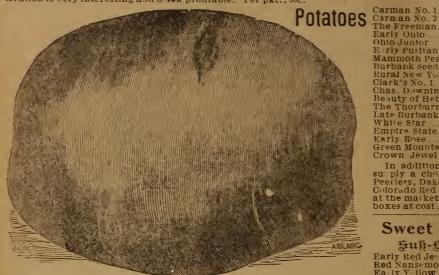
p	_			
	QT.	GAL.	BUS	н.
Everbearing\$0	20	\$0 55	\$4	50
Telephone	20	75	5	00
Stratagem Improved	20	75	5	75
Pride of the Market	25	90	6	50
Champion of England	20	55	4	00
Large Black-Eyed				
Marrowfat	15	50	3	00
Large White Mar-				
rowfat	15	50	3	00

Zucker-Erbsen mit esbaren Schoten.

			BUSH.					BUS	
Dwarf Sugar (gray				Tall Sugar\$0 Melting Sugar	25	\$0	50	\$4	59
seeded)\$0	25	\$0 50	\$4 50	Melting Sugar	25		50	4	50

POTATO SEED.

The Potato, as ordinarily propagated, is not grown from the seed, but from the tuber, a cutting of which resembles a graft or bud from a tree, and perpetuates the good or bad qualities of the parent. The true seed, which is borne in a seed-pod following the blossom, is very seld-om seen, is very difficult to gather, and consequently is very expensive. In appearance resembles a tomato seed of about one-tenth development, the Potato belonging to the Tomato samily. The seed garminates very easily, and the plants can be cultivated by any one, producing tubers the first year about the size of buckshot; these, planted the second year, double in bulk, and after three or four years becomes of edible size. As entirely new sorts are thus produced, the cultivation is very interesting and often profitable. Per pkt., 30c.



RURAL NEW YORKER, No. 2.

VIRGINIA PEANUTS. Per lb., 20c.



In addition to this we can also su ply a choice stock of Ajax, Peerle's, Dakota Re', Snowflake, Colorado Red and White Elephant at the market price. Barrels and

Sweet Potatoes. Huß-Kartoffeln.

Early Red Je'sey
Red Nansemond
Ea ly Y llow Jersey
Early Red Bermuda
Yellow Nansemond
White Southern Queen. Yam or Vineless.

Market Price.

Market Price.



LARGE CHEESE.

PUMPKIN. Rürbis.

C	Z.	1/4 LB.	LB.
Japanese Pie \$0	10	\$0 20	\$0 65
Crookneck	10	20	65
Connecticut Field	10	20	45
Large Cheese	10	20	60
Mammoth Chile	15	50	1 65
Na tucket	10	20	75
Etampes Mammoth Red	10	25	90
Kentucky Field	10	20	45
Mammoth Tours	15	50	1 75
Tennessee Sweet Potato	10	20	65

RHUBARB, Or PIE PLANT. Bhabarber.

	UZ		75	LD.		77.70
New Giant	80	15	\$0	50	\$2	0
Victoria		15	Ċ	50	1	7
Linnaeus		15		50	1	7



RADISH. Rettig oder Radieschen.

	oz.	14 LB.	LB.
Early Scarlet Turnip, forcing Dark Blood Red Turnip	. 10	\$0 20 20	\$0 55 75
Early Scarlet Turnip, white tipped forcing	. 10	20 20	65 75

RADISHES. Rettia.

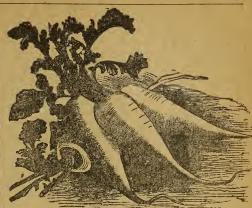


Dickmann's Model White Box Radish .- No Radish ever introduced has met with so large a sale, or giving such general satisfaction as the Philadelphia White Box. But our customers, however, were gratified and surprised to find that we offer a still better and more desirable Radish— Dickmann's Model White Box. It possesses all the excellent qualities of the once popular Philadelphia White Box, and is superior in the following respects: In the first place, the shape is rounder and much handsomer, as shown in our engraving, made from nature. It is also earlier, with fewer and shorter leaves, hence it can be sown more thickly in the row, enabling the grower to raise at least one-third more radishes in the

model, perfect in all respects, solid, juicy and unsurpassed in flavor in all stages of growth, and equally valuable for the home or market garden.

Per ounce, 10c; per quarter pound, 20c; per pound, 75c.





The second secon	-		
WHITE STRASBURG			
	oz.	1/4 LB.	LB.
Early Scarlet, Olive-shaped	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 65
French Breakfast.	10	20	65
Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tip'd	10	20	65
Woods' Early Frame	10	15	50
Golden Globe	10	20	65
Early Long Scarlet, Short Top,			
Improved	10	20	65
Long Brightest Scarlet, White Tip-			
ped	10	20	65
Chartier	10	120	65
Giant White Stuttgart	10	20	65
Early White Turnip	10	20	65
Long White Naples	10	20	65
Wuite Lady Finger, or Long White			
Vienna	10	20	65
Vienna. Whi e Strasburg	10	20	65
Celestial, New	10	20	65
St. Louis White Summer	10	20	65
3.7	7.0	00	0-

WINTER VARIETIES. Winter-Rettig.

Newcom Large White Summer Turnip......

	02	ζ.	1/4	LB.	L	в.
Long Black Spanish	\$0	10	\$0	20	\$0	65
Round Black Spanish		10		20		65
Long White Spanish		10		20		65
California Mammeth White		10		20		65
Chinese Rose		10		20		65

Salsify, or Oyster Plant. haferwurzel.

	oz.	4 LB.	LB,	
Long White French	\$0 15	\$0 60	\$2 25	
Mammoth Sandwich Island	15	60	2 25	
SCORZONERA, OR BLACK OYSTER				
PLANT	15	60	2 25	

SPINACH. Spinat.

	1/4	LB.	LB.
Round Thick Leaved		15	\$0 35
Improved Thick Leaved (Viroflay)		15	35
Prickle Seeded		25	35
Curled Leaved Savoy (Bloomdale)		15	35
Long Standing		15	35
New Zealand		25	90
Landreth's, in Blue Bags 5 lbs. for	1	25	

SOUASH. Speise-Rurbisse.

	OZ.	4 LB.	LB.
Early White Bush Scallop		\$0 20	\$0 65
White Pineapple	10	20	65
Essex Hyprid or American Turba	n 10	20	65
Early Yellow Bush Scallop		20	65
Canada Winter Crookneck	. 10	20	65
Marblehead	. 10	25	90
Mammoth Chili	. 15	40	1 50
Mexican Barana	. 10	20	65
Boston Marrow	. 10	20	65
Glant Bush Summer Crookneck	. 10	20	65
Vegetable Marrow	. 10	20	65
Early Prolific Orange Marrow	. 10	30	1 00
Sibley, or Pike's Peak	. 10		55
Hubbard	. 10	25	90



SEA KALE. Meer-Kohl.

Sea Kale.....Oz., 15c; 14 lb., 50c; lb., \$1 75

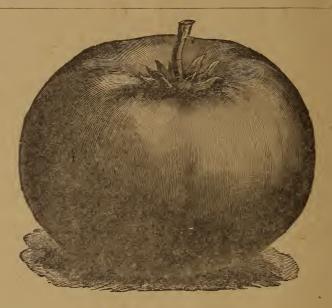
SORREL. Sauerampser.

Broad Leaved French, Oz.15c; 4 lb.50c; lb. \$1 50

TOBACCO SEED.

Taback Samen.

	oz.	1/4	LB	. L	в.
Gold Leaf \$	0 25	\$0	75	\$2	75
White Burley	25		75	2	75
Yellow Prior	25		75	2	75
Missouri Broad Leaf.	25		75	2	75
Havana	25		75	2	75
Blg Oronoko	25		75	2	75
Connecticut Seed Leaf	25		75	2	75



TOMATO. Liebesapsel.

	oz.	4 LB.	LB.	OZ. 4LB. LB.	
New Stone	0 25	\$0 75	\$2 75	Favorite	
Atlantic Prize	20	75	2 50	Husk, or Strawberry 40 40	
Royal Red	20	75	2 50	Perfection	
Large Round Yellow	20	75	2 50	Acme 20 75 2 75	
Livingston's Beauty	15	75	3 00	Dickmann's N. Jersey 25 85 3 00	
Turner's Hybrid, or Mikado	20	75	2 50	White's Excelsior 30 1 25 4 00	
Long Keeper	20	75	2 50	Mansfield Tree 35 1 40 5 00	
Dwarf Champion	25	75	2 75	Buckeye State	
Ponderosa	25	75	2 75	Red Currant, Red Cherry, Yellow Cherry, Yellow	
Extra Early Purple Advance	20	75	2 50	Plum, Red Pear Shape, excellent for pickles, pre-	
Trophy	20	75	2 75	serves and pies. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.	

TURNIP. Weisze Rüben.

OZ		4 LB.	LB.		¼ LB.	
Extra Early Purple Top Milan\$0	10	\$0 20	\$0 75	Purple Top Globe\$0 10	\$0 15	\$0 45
Early White Flat Dutch strap leaved.	10	20	45	Sweet German	15	45
Early Purple Top Munich				Purple Top, strap leaved 10	15	40
Long White, or Cow Horn			45	Seven Top. 10		45
Large White Globe				Yellow Globe, or Amber 10		45
Early White Egg.			45			

HERBS. Kräuter.



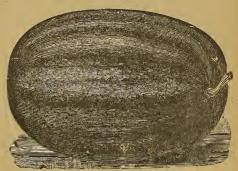
SEEDS OF SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL.

PI	KT.	PE	KT.
Anise. For garnishing and seasoning \$0 Balm. Used for balm tea or balm wine Basil, Sweet. Used for highly-seasoned dishes. Bene. A medical plant Borage, Excellent for bees Caraway. Used for flavoring. Castor Oil Plant Catnip. Used for bees Coriander. Used chiefly for garnishing. Dill Used for flavoring soups, etc Fennel Henbane Hop Seed	0 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	Lavender. A popular aromatic herb, emitting a delightful perfume. \$0 Marjoram, Sweet. Popular for seasoning. Marjoram, Pot. Used for seasoning. Opium Poppy Rosemary. An aromatic herb. Safiron Sage. The leaves and tender tops are used in stuffing and in sauces. Savory, Summer. Used for seasoning Thyme, Broad Leaved. For seasoning, also useful as a bee food. Tansy	05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05
Horehound. Useful tonic properties Hyssop. For medicinal purposes	05	Winter Savory	05 05

WATERMELON. Wasser-Melone.

"TRIUMPH" Watermelon.

This new Melon, as a market sort and for shipment, is the best ever introduced. It is very prolific, very early, and of uniformly large size. It is a cross between the Duke Jones and Kolb Gem; has the fine, handsome appearance of the former and the fine shipping qualities of the lat-ter. The rind, like the Duke Jones, is of dark green color, the seed exactly the same color as the Kolb Gem. The average size of the Melon is very is very large. The originator gathered from very is very large. The originator gathered from 2½ acres, 2,418 Melons, weighing over 40 pounds each. Comparatively speaking, there were no small Melons on the vines at the time of harvesting seed. The "Triumph" is very early, very large, very prolific, deliciously sweet, of finest flavor—in fact, the finest Watermelon in the United States. The farmer, who values his melon patch, and looks forward to the good times in large and July cannot afford to do without the Triumph. Plant only the best; you get it in



in June and July, cannot afford to do without the Triumph. Plant only the best; you get it in the Triumph. Prices: Packet, 10c; ounce, 20c; quarter pound, 50c; pound, \$1.50.

	(z.	1	LB.
Cuban Queen	\$0	10	80	55
Jordan Gray Monarch		10	" -	55
Green and Gold		10		55
Sweet Heart		10		55
The Dixie		10		50
Kolb's Gem		10		50
Peerless, or Ice Cream		10		50
Mountain Sweet		10		50
Improved Ironclad		10		65
Dark Icing, or Ice Rind		10		65
Pride of Georgia		1 0		65

	oz.	LB.
Rattlesnake, or Gypsy	\$0 10	\$0 55
Florida Favorite		55
Scaly Bark	. 10	50
Black Spanish		55
Seminole	10	50
Mammoth Ironclad	10	55
The Boss	10	55
Citron	10	55
Johnson's Christmas	10	50
Jones' Jumbo	10	55



RED OR PURPLE TOP, STRAP-LEAVED.

LONG RED MAMMOTH MANGEL WURZEL

FARM SEEDS.

feld Samen.

SUGAR BEETS AND MANGELS.

Mangel Wurzel oder Runkel Rüben.

	LD.		U.D. •
Golden Tankard\$0	15	\$0	35
Golden Yellow Mammoth	15		35
Mammoth Long Red	15		40
Norbiton Giant	15		40
Red Globe	15		35
Yellow, or Orange Globe	15		35
Sugar Cane	15		35
	10		00
SUGAR BEETS. Zuezer Rüben			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	LB.	1	LB.
Improved White Sugar \$0			50
Lane's Improved White Sugar	20	90	50
White Sugar			
White Sugar	20		50

TURNIPS, Rutabaga Varieties.

Steek Rüben.

t,	4	LB.	1	LB.
mproved American	80	20	\$0	59
hirving's Purple Top		20		50
Large White French		20		45

SPRING WHEAT. Weizen.

	BUS	SH.
Pillsbury Spring Wheat	\$1	50
Wellman Fife	1	50
Saskatchewan Fife	. 1	50

SPRING BARLEY. Gerste.

		BU	SH.	
, 0	Chief	***	50 75	
ошшоп			10	

RYE. Roggen.

Spring	
Excelsior	
Winter	Market Price.
Thousandfold	

DWARF FIELD BEANS.

	BU	SH.
Dwarf White Navy	\$3	50
Boston Small Pea Soup Bean	3	50
Prolific Tree		
	_	

BUCKWHEAT. Buchweitzer.

	BU	эн.
New Japanese	\$1	50
Silver Hull		
Common		
Special rates on large quantities.		

SUNFLOWER. Sonnenblumen.

	LB.	50 LBS.	100 LBS.
Iammoth Russian	\$0 10	\$2 50	\$5 00

High Grade Grass and Clover Seed.

feinsten Gras und Klee Samen.











ORCHARD.

KENTUCKY BLUE.

HARD FESCUE

TIMOTHY.

ITALIAN RYE.

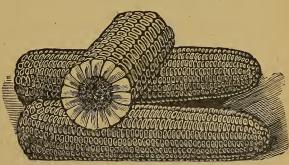
High Grade Grass Seed. Gras Samen.

LB.	BUSH.	LB.	10 LBS.
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass\$0 15	\$1 50	Johnson Grass\$0 15	\$1 09
Extra Cleaned Blue Grass 10	1 00	Crested Dog's Tail 35	2 75
Orchard Grass 15	1 75	English Rye Grass 15	1 40
Red Top Grass, Fancy 15	1 50	Italian Rye Grass	1 40
TimothyMkt		German, or Golden Millet	
LB.	10 LBS.	Common Millet	Price.
Wood Meadow Grass\$0 30	\$2 50	Hungarian	
Sweet Vernal 20	1 75	Giant Spurry 20	*********
Tall Meadow Oat Grass 25	2 00	Bermuda Grass	
Sheep's Fescue	1 40	Seradella15	
Meadow Fescue	1 25		
		LB.	BUSH.
Tower Grove Park Lawn Grass		\$0 25	\$2 50
Prices for la	ree quar	ntities on application.	

OUR SPECIAL GRASS MIXTURE. Gemischter Gras Samen.

Crimson, or Scarlet 15 1 25

Prices for large quantities on application.



EARLY BUTLER YELLOW DENT.

Write for Special Prices on Grass Seed before you buy in either Fall or Spring, also for Prices of other Grasses not mentioned above.



Choice Field Corn and Fodder Plants.

Bestes Feld Korn und Futter Pflanzen.

CHOICE FIELD CORN. Feld Korn.



RIPLEY'S FAVORITE is one of the best white field corns; forms large, full-grown ears; very heavy and pure white. Per quarter busbel, 40c; half-bushel, 75c; bushel, \$1.25.

	PK	T.	1/2 BUSH.	BUS	SH.
Extra Early Huron Dent	\$0	30	\$0 50	\$1	00
Golden Beauty	."	30	50	1	00
St. Charles White		25	40		75
Leaming		25	45		90
Pride of the North		25	45		90
Champion White Pearl		25	50	1	00
Giant White Normandy		30	50	1	00
Black Hawk		35	60	1	00
Murdock's 90-day		25	45		90
Prolific Fodder Corn		50	90	1	75
White Cap Yellow Dent		30	55	1	00
Hickory King		35	60	1	20
Iowa Silver Mine		35	60	1	20
Early Butler Yellow Dent		35	60	1	20
DOD KODN .					

POP KORN. Popp Korn.

White Rice	\$0	10
Silver Lace		10
Golden Queen		10
Red Rice		10
Striped Beauty		10
White Pearl		10

SEED OATS. Hafer.

Black Russian Winter	\$1 (00
Early Black Cluster	ç	90
White Russian	ç	90
Welcome	ç	90
Probestier	1 1	10
White Chester.	8	35
Rust-proof	6	35

Special prices on large quantities.

Choice Field and Fodder Plants—Continued.

COW PEAS.

They are great soil improvers Makes poor land rich; makes good land more productive; also makes a splendid and nutritious green forage or hay crop, enriching the soil even when the crop is cut off. Leguminous crops plowed under are one of the best and cheapest ways of improving the soil. For this purpose the Cow Pea has no superior, especially for medium or light soils. For this class of soils the Cow Pea is superior to Clover as a soil imthe Cow Pea is superior to Clover as a soil improver; it also makes splendid green food or a most nutritious hay. There is no surer or cheaper means of improving soil than by sowing Cow Peas, and if we consider that land improved by the use of clover (excepting the crimson), takes eight months at least, while this, a much heavier crop, is produced in three to four months, their great value is obvious to all. In its capacity as a nitrogen gatherer, its growth largely enables the farmer to disits growth largely enables the farmer to dispense with the use of nitrogen or ammonia fertilizers. Nitrogen or ammonia in commercial fertilizers is valued at fifteen cents per pound The Cow Pea, to a greater entent than other leguminous crops, has the power to extract the costly nitrogen or ammonia from the atmosphere. The removal of the vines from the land to use for fodder purposes decreases, to some extent, the value of the crop as a feeder of nitrogen to the soil, but the roots being rich in nitrogenous matter, are great improvers. From 10,000 to 18,000 pounds of green fodder per acre have been produced by the Cow Pea. To grow for hay they are most valuable, as they yield an immense quantity of

Black Eye Clay Whippoorwill	Market Price.	Red Ripper) Crowder Wonderful, or Unknown	Market Price.
Whippoorwill) 11100.	Unknown)	21100

FIELD PEAS. feld Erbsen.

Canada Field \$0 50 \$1 85

FIELD LUPINS. feld Cupinen.

	P	K.	BU	SH.
Yellow	\$1	25	\$4	50
White	1	25	4	50
Blue				
	_			

SOJA BEANS.

The Tall Variety.—Habit of growth, very luxurious; grows 3½ to 4½ feet high on good land. Will yield 3 to 4 tons of dry forage per acre, and the feeding tests show it to be richer than clover hay. A test acre, grown on rich river bottom land, threshed over 100 bushels of clean seed per acre. The Massachusetts Experiment Station says of them: "They are probably the richest vegetable substance grown for farm use."

				BU	
The Tall	Variety	\$1	00	\$3	50
Dwarf		. 1	00	3	5 0

VETCHES, SPRING TARES. Wicken.

Forage Plants. futter Pflanzen.

	LB.	10 LBS.
Dwarf Essex Rape\$0	15	\$1 00
Kaffir Corn	10	85
New Rural Branching Dhoura	10	85
Wild Rice	20 .	1 85
Early Orange Sugar Cane	10	85
Jerusalem Corn	15	1 40
Brown Dhoura	10	85
Sacaline, pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.25; 1/2	lb.,	\$8.00;
lb., \$15.00.	,	

Teosinite, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.25. Lathrus Sylvestris, pkt., 20c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.50.

CANE, or Sorghum. Zuckennobn.

FLAX. Flachs.

EB. 50 LBS. 100 LBS. Flax......\$0 15 \$6 00 \$8 00

Osage Orange. Hecken Pflanzen.

Osage Orange LB. 50 LBS. 100 LBS.

Egyptian Castor Bean.

This is a New Ornamental Bean, which grows about twenty feet high, with large leaves. A wonder among the bean family. Per lb., 40c.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH.

THE FORAGE PLANT FOR ALKALI SOILS.—Yields 20 tons to the acre on any soil without water. Introduced into the United States by the University of California. Experience and actual tests have shown that Salt Bush is a hardy, dry-air plant, capable of thrifty and substantial growth in any soil. Its nutritious streagth is equal to Alfalfa or Lucerne. Hogs, sheep and cattle are extremely fond of it, and chickens will leave almost any other food for it. It will stand cold to a temperature of 19 degrees, and heat to 150 degrees. Experiments in Colorado, Arlzona, New Mexico, Montada, Idaho, Utah, South Carolina and Florida have been uniformly successful.

and Florida have been uniformly successful.

One plant will cover 500 square feet in one season, covering the ground with a matting of from six to eight inches thick. It remains green all winter, and will yield 20 to 30 tons to the acre. It produces wool and mutton of superior quality. Horses fed on it seem to be possessed of inexhaustible endurance. One pound of seed will plant an acre. Sow broadcast, in soil well pulverized, after all danger of frost is past. Mix the seed with ten times it weight of loam, sand, ashes or plaster; cover lightly with a brush harrow or roll lightly. The seed germinates quickly, and the plants soon take possession of the ground; or, it may be sown in a hot-bed, cold-frame or boxes. Transplant when two inches high.

Prices: Seed of the TRUE AUSTRALIAN SALT

Prices: Seed of the TRUE AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH (Atriplex semibaccatum), grown for us in California, per pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

New Domestic Coffee Berry Beans.

TOWER GROVE PARK LAWN GRASS.



To see the fine LAWNS grown from our PREMIUM LAWN GRASS SEEDS you can go to any Park of St. Louis. We have been supplying the City for a number of years in succession, which you can see on record.

This Grass is composed exclusively of the very best varieties, such as long experience has shown to be the best adapted to produce a thick, heavy, carpet-like lawn. In this mixture we use only the very best recleaned seed, and we can guarantee that for purity and germination it is equal to any variety sold under any name. One of the greatest troubles in obtaining a good lawn is to get it free from weeds. These, while not always in the seed, are quite often in the ground, or come from the use of stable manure. Our customers can rely, in buying the Tower Grove Park Lawn Grass, on its being the purest seed obtainable, and entirely free from any foreign seeds. The quantity required for making new lawns is five bushels per acre, or for renovating old lawns, two to three bushels. For a space fifteen by twenty, or three hundred square feet, one pound is required for new, or half a pound for renovation. There are two ways of forming a lawn, by turfs, and by sowing the Grass Seeds. If good turfs can be had the lawn may be formed very quickly. By the making of a lawn by transplanting the sods is at best a laborious and expensive method, and in many cases is absolutely impossible, on account of their being no good turf in the neighborhood. A good lawn can be had in from ten to twelve weeks by sowing the Grass Seeds, and the final result will be the most satisfactory.

The best time to sow is early in Spring, as the moist weather then experienced is favorable to the quick germination of the seed, and gives the young plants a chance of being established before the Summer comes with its burning heat. The next best time is in September and October, as the weather is then comparatively cool, and sufficient growth may be made to establish the plants before the approach of Winter. Sow thinly and evenly, selecting a calm day for the purpose, and cover the seeds lightly with a wooden rake. After the Grass is well up, a moderately heavy roller may be passed over it to firm the surface.

During the season frequent watering and moving will be necessary. A good supply of water is very important, as the fierce heat during the Summer is apt to burn the Grass out. The best time to water is in the evening or early morning, and the application should be copious; a slight sprinkling will do very little good.

MEN WHO KICK about weeds in their lawns should blame themselves for it. If they buy their lawn seed from a man who makes the seed business a "side line," they cannot get as good seed as when they go to a reliable seed store. Our lawn seed is a mixture of the best recleaned seeds, and we guarantee it to make a beautiful lawn the first year, without weeds, unless they are in the ground from manure, or in the "black soil" hauled in.

FLOWER SEEDS

ANNUALS

And Other Flowers, Blooming the First Year from Seed.

In this department we include not only Annuals that bloom and die the first year, but also those Perennials that flower freely the first year from seeds. Upon this class of plants the garden is dependent for many of the brightest, most showy and beautiful flowers, and consequently we have taken special care in the growth and selection of the choicest seeds. We have this year transferred to the following pages many novelties of recent introduction and of real beauty. For Flower Seeds by the pound and ounce, send for special prices.

ON ALL ORDERS FOR SEEDS IN PACKETS the purchaser may select TWENTY-FIVE CENTS' WORTH EXTRA for Each ONE DOLLAR sent us. Thus any one sending \$1.00 can select seeds in packets amounting to \$1.25; for \$2.00. seeds in packets to the value of \$2.50, and so on.

seeds in packets to the value of \$2.50, and so	on.
ABRONIA. Charming trailing annuals, height, nine to eighteen inches, flowering freely in large Verbene-like trusses, very fragrant. They succeed well in the garden border, in beds, rock work or basket. 100 Arenaria	111 Salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Willow-like foliage
102 Blue	the beautifully striped, variegated and margined.
103 White 5	114 Tall varieties. Mixed
104 Mixed 5	115 Dwarf varieties. All colors mixed 5
TOM THUMB AGERATUM. Splendid very dwarf variety for edgings and ribbon lines; covered with flowers until frost; height, three-quarter	116 Anagallis. Low-growing plants, with remarkably bright and handsome flowers; mixed varieties
bearing large trusses of flowers in such abundance as to almost cover the plant 5 ALYSSUM. This old favorite should be largely used in every garden. It is of easiest culture, and its fragrant flowers are produced all Summer.	ABUTILON (Flowering Maple). Although universally admired, comparatively few are aware how easily Abutilons can be raised from seed and how beautifully they flower all Summer the first season. To get them in bloom early the seed should be started in the house and the young plants set out in the garden when the
106 Sweet Alyssum. White, in clusters. Oz.,	weather is warm and settled. They grow rapidly
30c 5	bearing a rich profussion of the elegant, bell-
107 Benthami Compactum. More dwarf and compact, known as Tom Thumb Sweet	shaped flowers. A splendid house plant, blooming freely in Winter.
AMADANTHUS Von Community 1	117 Prize. Mixed. Embracing the most elegant colors, both selfs and streaked and veined15
AMARANTHUS. Very ornamental plants, some remarkable for large panicles of showy flowers and others for the brilliant range of colors in the leaves.	118 ADONIS Æstivalis. The Flos Adonis has fine, pretty foliage, with bright-scarlet flowers
108 Caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding). Long red panicles	119 AGROSTEMMA Cœli rosa (Rose of Heav- en). Abundant bloomer, with deep rose
109. Princess of Wales. Foliage beautifully blended	flowers, very pretty in masses
110 Splendens (Rainbow Plant). Inner foliage of a very dark blackish-bronze, tipped with green; the outer foliage where exposed to the light is an intense flaming crimson	ding plant, with handsome flowers, in bloom until frost. 120 Grandiflora. Bright scarlet, one and one-half feet
and shining gold, while some of the leaves comprise crimson, gold, bronze and green. 5	121 Linifolia. Orange scarlet, one and one-half feet



GLOBE FLOWERED ASTER.

ASTERS.

Not only the most popular, but the most effective in the entire list, while most easy of culture, there is no flower which combines so much beauty and variety of color and shape and habit as the modern Astes. For a late Summer or Fall display they have rival. Give them a rich soil, and in hot, dry weather they should be mulched and well watered.

TRUFFAUT'S PÆONY PERFECTION ASTER. A very favorite type. Thrifty, upright plants, large, fine flowers, with long in-curved petals. The florists' Aster and one of the finest. PER PKT. 122 Pæony Perfection. Finest mixed...... 5 123 Satin white..... 5 66 66 124 Crimson 5 Dark blue..... DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED ASTERS. Plants only ten to twelve inches high, producing flowers of the largest size and choicest colors. 196 A. Chrysanthemum Flowered. Mixed..... 5 VICTORIA ASTERS. A magnificent race of Asters. The colors include many delicate and some gorgeous shades, flowers very double and four inches across and from twenty to thirty in a single plant, fifteen to eighteen inches high. 128 Pure white...... 5 GERMAN QUILLED ASTER. Flowers composed of tube or quill-shaped petals. Very beautiful with a great variety of colors. 129 German Quilled. Mixed...... 5 130 Pure white...... 5 131 Chinese Asters. Choice mixed; twelve sorts. 5 132 Dwarf Bouquet. A most charming class, of compact habit, only six to eight inches high. Each plant is covered with handsome flowers and looks like a bouquet set 134 White Plume Aster. A grand Aster having large, plume-like flowers, cream white in color and lasting a long time...... 135 New White Plume Aster. Extra Fine Florist Strain. A pure white Aster of great beauty; it cannot always be relied upon to produce feathery form, but a first-class flower may always be expected of grand

ASPERULA. A hardy dwarf annual, with clusters of small, sweet-scented flowers, lasting a long time while in bloom, fine for bouquets; one foot.

BALSAM (Lady's Slipper). An old and favorite garden flower, producing its gorgeous masses of beautiful, brilliant-colored double flowers in the greatest profusion, of easy culture, succeeds in a good rich soil.



The second secon	
BALSAM PERFECTION.	
137 Balsam, Double White. Oz., \$1.00	5
138 Balsam, Double Perfection. Very double,	
immense, solid round flowers. Oz., \$1.50.10	0
139 Balsam, Double Camellia Flowered, Finest	
mixed. Oz., \$1.0010	0
140 Balsam, Double Mixed. Occasionally semi-	
double. Oz., 50c	5
double. Oz., 50c	
142 Balsam, Double Scarlet (King)	5
143 " Pink (Maiden's Blush)	
144 Balsam, Double Solferino. Striped and	
spotted	
145 BARTONIA Aurea. One of the most	
showy of our hardy annuals. The plants	
grow eighteen inches to two feet high.	

with thistle-like, downy leaves, commence

to flower early and bloom continuously

throughout the Summer; the large, saucer-

147 BROWALLIA. Handsome plants, eighteen inches tall, with shining green foliage and bright blue and pure white flowers, mixed. 5

You should try Dickmann's Giant Summer Cabbage for an early crop. It will be sure to pay you. See page 19.

OUR FLOWER SEEDS ARE THE BEST TO BE FOUND.

BEET.—Ornamental Foliaged.	The large, grow-
ing varieties of the Chilian Bee	t are very attract-
ive as the center of the circular	beds surrounded
by the Dracæna Leaf Beet, I	Nasturtiums, and
other dwarf plants.	PER PK'.

148 Scarlet Ribbed Chilian. Immense leave of indescribably rich crimson bronze, with mid-ribs of shining scarlet. Oz., 15c...... 5

149 Yellow Ribbed Chilian. Leaves greenishyellow, with deep golden-yellow midribs. Oz., 15c 5

150 Dracæna Leaf. Entirely unique, its ornamental, dark red, lustrous leaves resembling the Dracæna, very rich and beautiful for borders. Oz., 15c 5



DOUBLE DAISY.

BELLIS (Double Daisy). Daisies are easily raised from Spring-sown seed, and come into flower in a very short time. Among the most charming Spring flowers, they are most indispensable for cool, shady places. With protection they will stand the Winter.

151 Fine German Double Mixed 5 152 Extra Double White. Fine.....

CALENDULA. The old pot "Marigold." Are really of remarkable beauty, deserving a place in every garden.

153 Double Mixed (Pot Marigold). Oz., 15c..... 5

154 Meteor. Perfectly double and beautifully striped cream color, edged with orange.

155 Prince of Orange. Large, deeply imbricated flowers, pale straw yellow, striped with a most intense shade of orange. Oz., 25c 5

156 Convolvulus Minor. The Dwarf Morning Glory is a beautiful plant of trailing habit, and is a perfect mass of bloom...... 5

CANDYTUFT. Among the most useful of hardy annuals. Perfectly hardy, and produces its neat clusters of flowers very freely.

157 White. Oz., 20c...... 5

158 Rocket. Spikes of white flowers. Oz., 20c.... 5 159 Dark Crimson 5

160 New Carmine. The richest in color...... 5

161 Mixed. Including above varieties. Oz., 20c.... 5

162 CHRYSANTHEMUM. (French Marguerites, or Painted Daisies). These annual Chrysanthemums have no resemblance whatever to the perennial varieties, also so popular, but have a distinct beauty. The plants grow twelve to eighteen inches high, and produce on long stems beautiful large flowers of many bright colors, having the appearance of being laid on with a brush 5

163 NEW DWARF CANNAS. These new dwarf ever-blooming, large flowering French Cannas bloom freely the first year from seed. They are much less expensive and incomparably more beautiful for bedding than the best Geraniums. In fact, we cannot recall any other plants that have ever given us such satisfaction in masses or in beds, while even single specimens are most attractive in the garden. The roots can be kept in the cellar over Winter, and each clump will give six to eight good roots for planting out in the following Spring. The Mixed Seed we offer has been saved from the finest varieties of all colors. Oz., 60c; 3 pkts., 25c......10

164 Calandrinia Grandiflora. Very beautiful dwarf growing annual for the flower garden; in the sunshine the large rosecolored flowers expand into a perfect blaze

165 Cacalia (Tassel Flower). Small tassellike blooms, often called Flora's Paint Brush, gracefully borne on long stems; useful for cutting; bright scarlet and yel-

CENTAUREA (Blue Bottle, or Bachelor's Button). One of the most attractive of all hardy annuals, the graceful beauty of its old-fashioned flowers being universally admired. A hardy annual of the easiest growth, and flowers freely and continuously, height two to three feet, flowers excellent for cutting.

166 Cyanus. Mixed. Including dark and light blue, purple, pink, rose, white, etc. Oz., 25c...... 5

167 Mascuta, or Sweet Sultan. 5

168 Clarkia. Very free flowering, flowers white with brilliant carmine center 5 169 Mixed. Double and single varieties 5

170 CHRYSANTHEMUM.— Double, Corona=

rium mixed. White and yellow, double flowers 5 171 Sulphureum fl. pl. Produces numerous

very pretty, double flowers, of a rich lemon color: 5

172 CASTOR OIL BEAN. See Ricinus...... 5

CALLIOPSIS. Very handsome and showy plants, with numerous flowers of brilliant colors and of long duration in bloom. Of the easiest culture, they require no care and thrive in any garden.

173 Drummondii (Golden Wave). Bushy, compact plants, covered all summer with bright golden flowers, two inches across, each distinctly marked with dark brown

174 Mixed. All varieties and colors. Oz., 20c.... 5

CELOSIA (Cockscomb). Quite easy to grow and certainly one of the most showy and brilliant of annuals. The combs of the best varieties often grow a foot or more across the top.

176 Fire-Feathered. The plant grows three feet high, and the main stems puts forth thirty to thirty-five branches, each crowned with a feathery flowery head of an intense 

COCKSCOMB.
178 Dwarf Golden Rose. Large combs of bright rose, marked with a stripe of clear golden yellow
179 Empress. Mammoth, bright purple combs,
180 Glasgow Prize, or Tom Thumb. A fine dwarf variety, dark leaves and crimson
combs
181 Dwarf Mixed. Various shades of red
182 Gold Feathered. This is in all respects
like the Fire Feathered Celosia, except that the feathered flower heads are of a bright golden-orange color
183 Feathered Varieties, Mixed. Oz., 50c
184 CREPIS Rubra (Hawkweed). Rosy, double flowers
185 CUPHEA Miniata. A pretty little half-hardy
annual, bearing numbers of curiously- shaped flowers, of a bright vermilion scarlet, with violet center
186 CINERARIA Maritima (Dusty Miller). Very
ornamental for bedding and as a decorative plant. Of dwarf, compact habit, with a handsome silvery-white foliage; can be grown very easily from seed. A beauti-
grown very cashy from seed. A beauti-

ful plant for decorative purposes...... 5

187 COLLOMIA Coccinea. Numerous heads of fine red flowers, somewhat like a Bou-

ARD SEED CO.
COSMOS Hybridus. Of very rapid growth, and make large bushes fully five feet high, which are a mass of elegant foliage until they bloom in August. From September until November each plant is covered with hundreds of showy blossoms two inches in diameter. The flowers resemble single Dahlias, and are pure white, flesh color, charming light pink, and deep rose in color, each with a bright yellow center. They are very easily raised and they make a grand display. PER PKT. 188 All Colors. Mixed
100 Dung White Towns out white domain
189 Pure White. Large, pure white flowers, extremely beautiful; very valuable for florists
190 Pure Pink. Beautiful large flowers of a
190 Pure Pink. Beautiful large flowers of a clear, delicate pink color
191 CYNEGLOSSUM (Venus Navelworth) 5
DATURA (Angel's Trumpet or Sweet Night- ingale). Very showy, large-branching plants, growing three to five feet high, bearing im- mense trumpet-shaped flowers, six inches in length and very fragrant. They bloom freely from seed sown in the open ground the first season, but the roots can be taken up and kept over Winter the same as Dahlias.
192 Wrightii. Large, single, white flowers 5
193 Fastuosa, fl. pl. Large, double white 5
194 Fastuosa, fl. pl. Double purple 5
195 Mixed. Seeds of all the above
DIANTHUS (PINKS). The China and Japan Pinks are deservedly
very popular, as few flowers can equal them in
beauty and profusion of bloom. They comprise

very popular, as few flowers can equal them in beauty and profusion of bloom. They comprise many distinct and most beautifully marked varieties, of rich and varied colors. They bloom continually all Summer and Fall, until severe frost; they live over Winter and bloom finely again the second season. They are alike ornamental in the garden and for bouquets. Plants ten to fifteen inches high, and are of the easiest cultivation.

196	Chinensis (Double Chinese Pinks). Clusters of small double flowers, finest mixed. Oz., 50c
197	Chinensis albus, fl. pl. Double white
198	Diadematus, fl. pl. (Double Diadem Pink.)
	Marked like the original Chinese Pinks,
	very double, large flowers, magnificent in
	color and variety
199	Heddewiggii, Finest Single, Mixed.

201 OUR OWN MIXTURE of all the above splendid varieties. ½ 02., 35c; 02., 60c.... 5

Slug Shot is sure death to all insects that injure the garden and field crops.

MARKET GARDENERS Who buy seeds in large quantities are requested to write for WHOLESALE PRICES. While the prices quoted in this Catalogue are very reasonable, yet frequently we have orders for large quantities of certain seeds (such as Onion, Cabbage, Carrot, Cucumber, Melon, Radish, Turnip, etc.), and the purchaser naturally expects to buy at a price lower than that charged for a single pound.

DAHLIAS. Every one knows and admires the Double Dahlia but com-

the

paratively few are aware that it can be grown so easily from seed and flowers so beautifully the first season that the purchase of bulbs is a needless expense. We offer the choicest seed, that, if sown in the Spring, will give a magnificent display of the brightest colors by August. PKT.

202 Choice Mixed Pompon10

203 Mixed. Single sorts.. 5

SINGLE DAHLIA. 204 ESCHSCHOLTZIA (Calfornia Poppy). Mixed. Flowers yellow, orange and white, leaves finely cut, height, ten to twelve inches, very showy.... 5

EGG-PLANT. Not edible. Ornamental, fruit-bearing plants, growing freely in rich, light, warm soil.

206 White = fruited. Egg-shaped 5

208 ERYSIMUM Hedge
Mustard. Hardy annual, sweet scented,
good for bouquets, etc.. 5

210 FOUR=O'CLOCK. See Marvel of Peru...... 5

GAILLARDIAS. Although long neglected, the single Gaillardia, or Blanket Flower, has lately come into well-deserved popularity. Of magnificent size and wonderful profusion, the flowers are greatly admired for their fine forms and rich blending of colors, while they thrive well everywhere.

211 Mixed colors..... 5

212 GILIA. Mixed. All varieties. Good for cutting, of dwarf habit, will bloom almost anywhere 5

 214 GODETIA Albemarle. Plants compact, profusely covered with rosy-carmine flowers.. 5

215 Fine mixed. Many varieties. Oz., 25c...... 5

217 HELIANTHUS (Sunflower). The Dahlia.
Produces numerous bright golden-yellow
flowers, which are generally perfectly
double.

219 Primrose. Small Sunflower of trim appearance

HELIOTROPE. Every one loves the delightful fragrance and beauty of the Heliotrope, but very few are aware of the fact that it can be raised from seed as easily as Verbenas. From seed sown in the open ground the plants will flower in August, while a fine display can be had earlier by starting the seed in the house and setting out plants when the weather is warm.



DICKMANN-DUSARD SEED CO.							
PER PKT.	MADVEL OF DEDIT (26: 422) The Manual Control of the						
220 Choice mixed. Many varieties 5	MARVEL=OF=PERU (Mirabilis). The Marvel-of-Peru, or Four o'clock, is as easily grown as						
221 Dark Bouquet. The large flower heads are	a weed, and is one of the most brilliant and						
intensely dark, of the deepest blue in color and most deliciously fragrant. It comes	showy of annuals. Planted in beds or masses,						
true from the seed	their compact growth, rich, glossy leaves,						
222 HIBISCUS. Hardy annual, with large,	together with their profusion and diversity of bloom, present a gorgeous sight during the						
showy flowers, very ornamental10	afternoon.						
223 ICE PLANT (Mesembryanthemum crystal-	241 Marvel of Peru. Mixed, all colors. Oz., 15c 5						
linum). Fine for vases, singular icy foliage. 5	242 MATRICARIA (Feverfew). Eximia fl. pl.						
224 JACOBŒA ELEGANS. Double mixed, an	Extremely beautiful plants, twelve inches						
old favorite for flower borders, continu-	high. Grows freely in any soil and bears						
ously in bloom and useful for cutting, one	numerous, perfectly double, pure white flowers, one inch in diameter						
foot high	MEDICAGO. These plants are grown for their						
LARKSPUR. Well-known annuals of great beauty, and noted for richness of their colors.	curiously shaped seed pods-being of most pe-						
	culiar shapes.						
225 Double Dwarf Rocket. Finest mixed 5	243 Acutellata (Snails). Flowers small, yellow 5						
226 Tall Rocket. Double mixed 5	MATHIOLA (Sweet-scented Stock). A charming						
227 Emperor Larkspur. Really splendid, a sin-	hardy annual, which sown early begins to flower in June, and bears a great profusion of fragrant						
gle plant having fifty or more erect spikes of flowers	flowers.						
	244 Bicornis. Light lilac-pink, very sweet. 5						
228 LINARIA Bipartita splendida. A very attractive, free-flowering, hardy annual,	245 Martynia fragrans. Fine Summer bloom-						
heads of handsome purple flowers, resem-	ing garden plants, with large crimson						
bling the snap-dragon	Gloxinia-like flowers, followed by curi- ously horned fruits, one and a-half feet 5						
229 LINUM Grandiflorum rubrum (Crimson	246 Mixed Varieties 5						
Flax). One of the most beautiful annuals							
known. Valuable for bedding	MIGNONETTE. The Mignonette is a universal favorite on account						
LOBELIA. Very dwarf plants, growing four to six inches high and forming dense masses of	of its sweet and delicate fragrance. The seed						
flowers. Of easy culture, and well adapted for	should be scattered liberally in sunny situations. The flowers of some of the newer varieties, de-						
bedding, edging, pots or rockeries.	scribed below, are of wonderful perfection.						
230 Erinus, compacta. Deep, rich blue. 1/2	247 Reseda odorata, Sweet Mignonette. Oz.,						
oz., 75c 5	15c						
231 Erinus compacta alba. White. ½ oz., 75c 5	248 Odorata grandiflora ameliorata. Oz., 20c 5						
232 Erinus Crystal Palace. Dark blue, splendid. 5	249 Giant Pyramidal. Very fine, large flowers of compact, pyramidal habit. Oz., 35c 5						
233 Finest mixed varieties. Oz., 50c 5	250 PURE MATCHET. Of vigorous, pyra-						
LYNCHNIS (Burning Star). Grand, hardy peren-	midal growth, with very thick, dark-green						
nials, which grow and bloom from the same	leaves, numerous stout flower stalks, bear-						
roots, year after year, requiring no protection. They will flower freely the first year if the seed	ing massive spikes of deliciously scented reddish-gray flowers, of great substance.						
is sown early.	½ oz., 50c						
234 Chalcedonica. Intensely bright scarlet 5	251 Golden Queen. Very fine new variety,						
235 LOVE-IN-A-MIST. See Nigella.	with flowers of a golden hue, highly effec-						
236 LUPINUS Subcarnosus (The Deep-Blue	tive, of dense, pyramidal habit. Oz., 40c 5 252 Mixed. Including many varieties. Oz., 25c 5						
Lupin). Its neatly cut, lively green foliage	MIMULUS (Monkey Flower). Tender-looking						
carpets the ground, from which are borne	plants, with singularly shaped and brilliantly						
upright, on stems six to eight inches long,	colored flowers, blotched and spotted in every						
lovely spikes of the deepest sea-blue flowers, delicately fragrant	conceivable manner. Excellent for baskets or						
237 Mixed. All annual varieties 5	vases, while they thrive well in the garden if planted in partial shade.						
MALOPE. This old hardy annual is a favorite	253 Tigrinus. Fine hybrid varieties, mixed 5						
wherever known, as few plants produce more	254 Tigrinus grandiflorus. Very large-flowered						
beautiful flowers. The plants grow eighteen to	and tigered and spotted varieties, most						
twenty inches high, and bear large single flowers.	beautiful						
238 Grandiflora mixed. Crimson, rose and white	255 Moschatus (Musk Plant). Leaves musk- scented						
MARIGOLD. The African varieties are stronger	MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not). These charming						
in habit, and produce larger flowers than the	little favorites succeed best in damp, sandy situ-						
French.	ations, but thrive well in almost any soil.						
239 African Double. Mixed. All varieties 5	256 Palustris. The true marsh, Forget-me-not,						
240 French Double Dwarf. Mixed colors, of	small, blue flowers						
compact habit, numerous bright howers o	1201 Aipestils. Diue, dwarf, free-nowering 0						

PER PKT. 258 Alpestris alba. White, height, six inches.... 5 259 Semperflorens. Blue, a dwarf variety, flowers from early Spring until the Autumn very fine......10

THUMB NASTURTIUMS. TOT

The improved Dwarf or Tom Thumb Nasturtiums are unrivaled in beauty and effect. When planted in poor soil, they flower most profusely and remain long in bloom. We recommend a liberal use of the seed, in variety.

260 Tom Thumb Beauty. Yellow and scarlet.... 5

261 Palace Gem. Sulphur, spotted maroon..... 5 262 Lady Bird. Its striking flowers are produced in profusion throughout the Summer. The ground color of the flowers is rich golden yellow, each petal barred with a broad vein (starting from the base) of bright ruby crimson. Oz., 25c.....10

263 Tom Thumb Varieties. Mixed. Including

NETIOPHILA (Love Grove). Of neat, compact habit, blooming freely all Summer. If thinned to four inches apart the plants will present a dense mass.

264 Mixed. Many rich, bright colors...... 5

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist). Very showy in foliage, flowers, and seed pods. The pretty flowers are surrounded by a delicate wreath of fine, mossy, green fibers.

265 Damascena, Double. Mixed. With finely cut leaves and curious blue and white

266 Dwarf, Double. Of compact, neat habit of growth. A little gem, with white and blue flowers 5

267 NICOTIANA Affinis. Produces splendid pure white, Bouvardia-like flowers on long terminal tubes. When its large flowers are fully expanded in the evening and morning it has a most striking effect, and is so fragrant that a small bed will perfume the whole surrounding atmosphere. Taken up in the Fall, cut back, and potted, it will bloom freely all Winter...... 5

OLANA. Mixed. Very pretty trailing plants for rock-work, hanging baskets, 268 NOLANA. flower borders, etc. Flowers resemble the Dwarf Convolvulus......

PER PKT. 269 ŒNOTHERA (Evening Primrose). Acaulis alba. Saucer-shaped, silver-white, flowers, of enormous size, very striking and fragrant...

270 Drummondii. Very large, bright-yellow

flowers 271 OXALIS. Exceedingly free-flowering little plants with lively foliage, and entirely covered with bright flowers from June until September. Very useful for edgings, as they form an even and pleasing border.. 5



PRIZE MIXED PANSIES.

PANSIES. Pansies are the most popular of all flowers grown from seed. It is needless to say anything in praise of such a universal favorite. It is everywhere popular, both for the brilliant beauty of its flowers and the long continuation of bloom. Pansy seed is

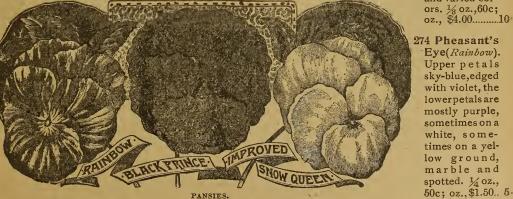
a specialty, and we have not only a large collection of varieties, but also the very best seed of each variety.

272 Giant Odier. The flowers, of immense size, are of the popular Odier type, being all three-spotted or five-spotted on back-grounds of very rich colors, the flowers are of good substance and fine form, plants are of neat, compact growth. oz., 85c; oz., \$6.00; pkt., 15c.

273 Odier, or Blotched. Superb, large - eyed flowers of very good shape, and beautifully blotched with rich

GIANT ODIER.

and varied colors. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz.,60c; oz., \$4.00.....10



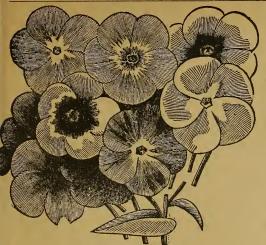
275	Prince Bismarck. Beautiful shades of
	brown and golden-bronzed marbled. 1/4
	oz., 50c; oz., \$1.50 5
276	Snow Queen. Flowers of a delicate pure
	satiny-white. ½ oz., 50c; oz., \$1.50 5
277	King of the Blacks, or Faust. Flowers
	intensely black, almost coal-black. 1/4 oz.,
	40c; oz., \$1.25
278	Lord Beaconsfield. Large flowers of deep
	purple violet, shading off in the top petals
	to a white hue, highly effective. ½ oz.,
0=0	40c; oz., \$1.25
279	Emperor William. Flowers of a splendid ultramarine blue, with a well-defined pur-
	ple-violet eye. ½ oz., 40c; oz., \$1.25 5
00A	
	Dark Purple. Rich, deep color. ¼ oz., 40c 5
	Silver-edged. Dark purple, white border 5
282	Striped and Mottled Varieties. Very fine
	and exceedingly beautiful. ¼ oz., 40c; oz., \$1.25 5
969	Gold-margined. Strikingly handsome 5
204	Pure Yellow. Large, golden flowers. 1/4 oz., 40c
285	Large Flowering. Very fine mixed. Em-
200	bracing all the separate colors of German
	Pansies. ½ oz., 25c; ¼ oz., 40c; oz., \$1.2510
286	Good Quality. Mixed. Fine for bedding,
	many rich colors. 1/4 oz., 25c; oz., 85c 5
287	PRIZE MIXED. An extra fine mixture of
	all the best varieties of show, fancy,
	striped and spotted Pansies, and also the
	giant-flowered Pansies of the improved



PETUNIA.

PETUNIA. Most valuable plants, succeeding well everywhere. They are particularly showy in beds or masses, and are universal favorites on account of their richness of color, fragrance and continuous blooming.

j	SARD SEED CO.
•	288 Petunia Hybrida. Finest mixed. A good
1	mixture, embracing all colors, including
	striped and blotched varieties, very pro-
ı	fuse flowering and excellent for bedding
Į	
1	or massing. ½ oz., 30c
Į	289 Hybrida. Mixed. Good imported seed.
ı	Oz., 50c
Ś	290 Large flowering. Fine Mixed. All colors15
ı	291 Blue Veins. Fringed. Elegant flowers,
ı	deeply fringed, of various shades of pur-
i	ple, rose and lavender, delicately veined
	and penciled20
5	292 BEST DOUBLE PETUNIA. The Double
ı	Petunia produces no seed and but little
ı	pollen—which is carefully used to fertilize
5	the finest single flowers—and from these
5	the seed is saved. In raising plants from
1	this seed great care should be taken to
)	this seed great care should be taken to
ı	preserve the smallest and weakest plants,
ı	as these are the ones that bear the finest
5	double flowers
5	293 PERILLA Nankinensis. Valuable for bed-
	ding and for general effect as an orna-
	mental plant, beautiful, metallic, bronzy-
5	purple foliage. Oz., 20c
	purple foliage. Oz., 20c
	nation. Mixed. For daz-
)	zling richness and variety of colors, the
	flowers are unequalled. Simply scatter
5	the seed in the open ground and a mass of
	beauty will result which will be a constant
	source of pleasure. Oz., 25c 5
	295 Double Pæony=Flowered. Mixed. Splen-
	did large double flowers, all colors. Oz, 20c, 5
	296 Somniferum (Opium Poppy). True, gigantic
)	white, single flowers. Oz., 20c
	297 THE NEW PHLOXES. (Starred and
	Fringed.) These Starred and Fringed
	Phloxes are really entitled to rank as a
	new race, and are beyond question the
	most striking novelties in Phloxes ever in-
	troduced, being of unique and indescriba-
	ble beauty. In the Fringed flowers the
	petals are partly fimbriate and partly
	three-toothed, all distinctly bordered with
	white, which, together with the bright eye
	of the center, picturesquely contrasts with
	the magnificent velvety colors, in more
	than twenty distinct shades. In the Starred
	Phloxes the pointed central teeth of the
	petals (five in number) are five to six
	times as long as the lateral ones and pro-
	ject beyond them like little spines, one-
5	half inch long, giving the flowers a dis-
	tinctly marked, regular, star-like form,
	the beauty of which is enhanced by the
	broad white margins bordering the edges
	of the petals. 3 pkts., 25c16



PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII.	No flowers
FILOX DROMMONDII.	are more
showy or brilliant than this popular ar	inual which
thrives so universally throughout or	ur country.
The Improved Grandiflora varieties	particularly
are exceptionally beautiful.	PER PKT.

298 Fine Mixed. All colors of the original type of Phlox Drummondii. Oz., 60c......... 5

299 Alba (Pure White). Our strain of this is really magnificent, the chaste white flowers being of unusual size and perfect form. 10

300 Carnea. A very beautiful Phlox; flowers of a delicate, fleshy pink, with a chamoisrose center......10

301 Large Blood Red. The darkest colored of all, being of the deepest blood-red color....10

PORTULACA. In brilliancy and beauty of color Portulacas are unrivaled. They delight in sunny situations, where they rapidly carpet the ground, each plant covering a space of about fifteen inches in diameter.

302 Finest Single. Mixed. In great variety, large flowers of most brilliant colors. Oz.,

305 Red. Richest..... 5

306 Double Rose-flowered. Mixed. Unsurpassed for brilliancy and beauty. From first-class seed, over one-half of the plants will produce magnificent double flowers; these can be transplanted eight inches apart as soon as they bloom, thus making the entire bed of double flowers.....10

RICINUS (Castor-oil Bean). Picturesque foliage plants that speedily attain gigantic proportions, and are ornamental until destroyed by frost.

307 Gibsoni Coccineus. The stalks and leaves are of a bright metallic bronze color; the large bunches of fruit are of a burning

SALPIGLOSSIS (Velvet Flower). One of the most graceful in growth, as well as the most beautiful in flower of the many easily grown garden annuals. The flowers are singularly marked and delicately penciled—in shape somewhat resembling the Petunia. PERPK

309 Mixed. All colors...... 5

310 Grandiflora. The flowers are larger in size, and are most vividly marked, spotted and striped on ground colors of deep blue, rose, dark violet, light yellow, reddish bronze, etc.....

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride). The old and wellknown Sweet Scabious is not as generally cultivated as it deserves. The perfectly double flowers are useful for cutting; they are grace-fully borne upon long slender stems, well above the foliage.

311 Tall German. Mixed. All colors; height,

312 Dwarf, Double. Mixed. Plants of compact habit, profusely bearing globe-shaped double flowers of great beauty...... 5

313 SALVIA (Flowering Sage). Of all the Salvias the Splendens is the brightest and best, well worthy of cultivation...... 5

314 SANVITALIA (Procumbens fl. pl.). Dwarf creeping plant, with profusion of double, bright yellow flowers, compact and effec-

SCHIZANTHUS. Half hardy annuals, one and one-half feet in height, literally covered with

315 Papilionaceus (Butterfly Flower). A charming variety, marked with violet, yellow, crimson, etc.....

316 Mixed. All colors...... 5

SENSITIVE PLANT. The Sensitive plant is very chaste and elegant in foilage, the leaves being delicately pinnated, while it bears attractive small pink flowers in globose heads. It affords much amusement by its sensitive charactereven when slightly touched the leaves close and droop; easily grown.

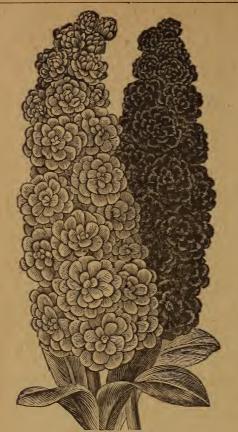
317 Mimosa Pudica (Sensitive Plant)...... 5

318 STEVIA SERRATA. Produces a mass of tiny, star-shaped, pure white flowers. Most excellent for bouquets. The plants grow about eighteen inches high, stems branching freely and almost completely covered with the corymbs of flowers. Very pretty in beds, and almost unequaled for cutting to arrange in bouquets and vases with other flowers. Flowers freely the first season from seed...... 5

319 Saponaria Calabrica. Mixed. Dwarf continuous blooming annuals for beds and

flowers have long stems, keep well, and

Order all Flower Seeds by their Numbers, it is not necessary to give Names.



STOCK, TEN WEEKS.

STOCK, TEN=WEEKS. All the varieties are de-

sirable as pot-plants, as well as in open garden. They are greatly prized for cut flowers, on account of their fragrance and diversity of color. To have a continuous succession of bloom, sow at intervals from the beginning of March to the end of May.

322 NEW DWARF WHITE PYRAMID. Of very dwarf growth, the little plants are each crowned with magnificent heads of beautifully-shaped, perfectly double flowers, of fine form and paper-white color. The strain is so high-bred that a remarkable percentage comes double. 2 pkts., 25c

323 NEW WHITE PERPETUAL (Cut and Come Again). Of strong growth and fine branching habit, it grows to the height of one and a half feet, and if sown early will produce uninterruptedly a great abundance of bloom from June until November. The individual flowers are uncommonly large, of a fine, rosette-like shape, and the purest possible white. The flowers appear on each little shoot, and the oftener they are cut the better they seem to like

T	SARD SEED CO.
	324 RED VICTORIA. Each plant forms in
i	itself a naturally-grown bouquet, of a
ı	beautiful pyramidal shape, the natural branches being symmetrically arranged
l	around the main stem, which is slightly
	raised in the center, brilliant, double dark blood-red flowers15
	325 GIANT PERFECTION. A splendid race,
	growing two and a-half feet high, with large spikes of perfectly double-flowers
	of great substance. Mixed
	326 Dwarf-German Ten-Weeks. Fine mixed 5 327 Large-flowering Dwarf. Choice mixed10
	328 Mixed. All colors and kinds
	329 TARGETES Lucida. Even if it never bore
	its small, bright yellow flowers, this would be well worth growing for its delicate,
•	fern-like foilage, of such powerful and
	delicious fragrance
	330 Patula nana (Cloth of Gold). An attractive, dwarf-growing bedding plant, with
	verý numerous golden-orange blossoms, delicate, fern-like foilage, useful in bou-
	quets and of delicious fragrance10
	331 TRIFOLIUM Suaveolens (Sweet-scented Clover). A great favorite in gardens on
	account of its delicately scented flowers.
	six inches high. Oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50
	VERBENAS. Verbenas flower very quickly from
	the seed and thrive much better than from cuttings.
	332 Hybrida. Mixed. This seed, although so
	cheap, is really quite good, and embraces all colors. ¼ oz., 30c; oz., \$1 00
	333 VERBENA HYBRIDA. Extra fine mixed.
	From a superb collection of named varieties. Very large in flower and corymbs,
	and of the richest and most brilliant colors as now perfected, this is superior
	to the Mammoth Verbena, and is one of
	the finest strains of Verbena hybrida in cultivation to-day. The seed has been
	saved not only from a large collection of
	many bright and pleasing self-colors, but also from the finest varieties of the auricula-
	eyed type. 2 pkts., 25c; ¼ oz., 75c; oz., \$2.5015
	334 'Italian Striped. Very showy striped flowers
	of many bright colors. ¼ oz., 75c10 335 Scarlet Defiance. True, brightest scarlet,
ĺ	Intensely rich. ¼ oz., \$1.0010
I	VIOLAS, or SWEET VIOLET.
I	Extremely popular in Europe for bedding Violas
1	or Tufted Pansies should be more generally used in America. Sow the seed in May, and when in
	flower in August or September, transplant into
	well-enriched beds, assorting as to color or arranging in any design desired. Soon after the
	snow is off the following Spring they will begin to bloom, and throughout the Spring and early
	Summer will give a profusion of flowers.
	336 Admiration. Deep violet
	338 Perfection. Fine, light blue10
	339 Purple Queen. Rich, deep purple
	340 Finest mixed. All the above colors. 1/8

PER PKT.

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle). Splendid House and bedding plant, eighteen inches high, with glossy green leaves and circular flower. PER PKT.	34
341 Rosea. Fine rose color10	
342 Rosea alba. White rosy eye10	38
343 Alba pura. Clear, pure white10	
344 Mixed. The above three varieties 5	
VISCARIA (Rose of Heaven). Adapted either	
for beds, edgings or clumps, their profuseness of	
bloom will always rank them among general	א
favorites. Hardy annuals.	1
345 Fine Mixed. One foot	
ZINNIAS. No flowers are more easily grown from seed sown in the open ground, and few bloom so continuously throughout the entire Summer. Those acquainted only	3
with the old-time Zinnias will be surprised at the perfection to which the newer strains have attained.	
346 Choice, Double. Mixed. All colors 5	
347 Superb, Double. Mixed. Perfectly double	
flowers, of grand form, large size, brilliant	
colors	
348 Mexicana. Small, single, yellow flowers 5	
CEEDS OF ANN	

349 Tenuiflora. Of dwarf habit, a good grower. succeeding everywhere, and desirable as a border plant. Sown where they are to bloom, in rows, they make a striking effect, the plants bear upright, small, single, dark carmine flowers in profusion.. 5

MIXTURE. The following mixture is carefully prepared from choice
fresh seeds and cannot fail to give satisfaction. The packets are liberally filled, and in
no other manner can so many seeds be obtained
for such light cost.

These mixed flower seeds embrace more than a hundred varieties of such easy-growing and pretty flowers as are suitable for forming a wild-flower garden. They are very useful for woodland walks, roadsides, railroad embankments, and for sowing alongside of fences and on any untidy, bare spots of ground which are so frequently unsightly and which, if properly cared for and kept free from weeds, can be made to produce a continual display of

bloom during the Summer. Oz., 25c......10

SEEDS OF ANNUAL CLIMBERS.

In the flower garden and for the adornment of rural homes, no class of flowers is more useful than these. Many a trellis, fence, tree-stump or veranda, otherwise unattractive, can be rendered beautiful by planting seed of rapid-growing Climbers. We recommend a liberal use of seeds of a number of varieties. By a careful reading of the following list a judicious selection can easily be made.

Cents WORTH EXTRA for each ONE DOLLAR sent us for Seeds in Packets.

PER PKT.

360 BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermum). The

CYPRESS VINE. One of the most elegant vines, delicate fern-like foliage, and beautiful starshaped flowers.

365 Mixed. Both scarlet and white. Oz., 25c.... 5

366 Scarlet, Ivy-leaved. Deeply lobated, ivy-like leaves, with fork-like racemes of countless fiery orange-scarlet flowers. Oz., 25c.

CONVOLVULUS (*Morning Glory*). Seed of the well-known Morning Glory is so cheap, the flowers so bright, and the vines of such rapid growth, that it should be largely planted to cover unsighty houses.

growth, the old Haycinth Bean makes a very dense and attractive screen.

Order all Flower Seeds by the Numbers, it is not necessary to give Names.

If you don't see what you want in this Catalogue, write us. We handle all Seeds known to the Trade.

Seeds of Annual Climbers—Continued.



FUMULUS JAPONICUS, OR JAPANESE HOP.

370 HUMULUS Japonicus (Fapanese Hop). A very ornamental and extremely fast growing Climber. While the foliage resembles in shape that of the common hop it has more incisions, is very dense, and of a lively green; the stems and leaves are somewhat rough and hairy. The principal and most valuable feature of this new climbing plant is that it can be sown in the open ground in Spring, and that it attains enormous dimensions very quickly.....10

IPOMŒA. Rapid-growing, tender annuals, with ornamental foliage and most beautiful varied colored flowers. Valuable Climbers for the garden and as easily grown as the Morning Glory.

371 Bona Nox (Good Night, or Evening Glory).

MAURANDY	A. Charm	ing Climb	ers, ele	gant	alike
in foliage,	and from	their grad	eful g	rowth	are
well suited	for hanging	ig baskets,	vases	and	light
trellis.				PER	PET

372 Barclayana. Rich violet blue; ten feet......10 373 Finest Mixed. Blue, white and mauve...... 5

374 THE MOON FLOWER, the Original Variety. This variety makes an immense growth of vine and dense foilage, but must be started early to flower in the North. The large flowers are some a beautiful blue and others pure white in color. Even when it does not bloom it is one of the handsomest vines in cultivation, on account of its quick-growing and dense foilage, which is not torn by wind or rain. The leaves are of a bright, glossygreen color, uniformly heart-shaped......10

375 MINA LOBATA. The flowers appear on fork-like racemes, rising almost erect out of the dense and luxuriant foilage; they are as buds, at first bright red, but change through orange-yellow to yellowish-white when in full bloom. It is a very rapidgrowing climber, forming pyramids of over eighteen feet in height......15

376 MOMORDICA Balsamima (Balsam Apple). A very beautiful climbing plant, with handsome apple-shaped fruits...... 5

377 Charantia. (Balsam Pear). Rapid-growing climber with very beautiful fruits, of a rich golden yellow color, which, when ripe, open, disclosing the seeds encased in a carmine covering. The fruits, preserved in alcohol, make a most useful liniment. Oz., 50c...... 5

NASTURTIUM. The Tropæolum Majus, or Tall Nasturtiums, are among the easiest grown and prettiest and thrive on poor soil. Free-bloomers, and the green seed-pods make excellent pickles.

379 TROPÆOLUM Lobbianum..... 5

ORNAMENTAL GOURDS. A large and interesting class, producing a great variety of curious fruits, many of which are peculiarly marked. All the fruits are hard-shelled, and will keep for years, exciting much attention.

380 Mixed 5

THUNBERGIA. Very elegant, slender-growing Climbers, rapidly covering wire trellises, and also useful for vases in the garden or house. The colors are pure white, light yellow, and deep orange, and of each color there is a variety with white eye and also with black eye—the latter often called "Black Eyed Susan." They continue in flower all Summer.

REMEMBER .- On all Orders for Seeds in Packets (whether Vegetable, Farm or Flower Seeds), the purchaser may select twenty-five cents' worth extra for each One Dollar sent us. Thus any one sending us \$1.00, can select seeds in packets amounting to \$1.25; for \$2.00, seeds in packets to the value of \$2.50; for \$3.00, to the value of \$3.75, and so on. This discount applies only to seeds in packets, purchaser's selection, and does not apply to seeds by weight or measure.

SWEET PEAS. 382

(LATHYRUS ODORATUS).

The Sweet Pea has become one of the most popular of cultivated flowers, and admired not only in the largest and best "places," but in the humblest garden. Not only do they readily adapt themselves to circumstances, giving some bloom no matter how unfavorable the conditions, but repay better care and culture, with a proportionate abundance of bloom. Everyone who cultivates flowers should plant Sweet Peas, for the list of distinct and beautiful varieties is now so large that no one will ever



tire of them. Culture.—Sweet Peas do best in a moderately rich soil, which has been made so by repeated manurings rather than by a single heavy application. The use of fresh manure or even a large quantity of well rotted manure tends to produce coarse vines and smaller, weaker colored flowers. Work the soil thoroughly as early in the Spring as it can be done without making it sticky and hard; then make a trench about six inches deep and about eight inches wide at the bottom, the sides sloping to the surface, and sow the seeds in double rows six inches apart, dropping in each row from six to twenty-four seeds to the foot, according as size or quantity of bloom is most desirable; thin sowings will give the largest flowers and thick sowings the most of them. Cover with one to two inches of soil and see that the ends of the partially filled trenches are open, so that no water can stand in them. After the plants are about five inches high fill up the trench; this method secures deep rooting, essential to long continued blooming, without danger of losing the seed from too deep

planting. As fast as the flowers come into full bloom they should be cut, for if the pods are allowed to form, the plants will soom stop flowering.

Our list of Sweet Peas includes all of the best varieties, both old and new.

APPLE BLOSSOM. Bright pink and blush. Pk., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 3 BLANCHE FERRY. White petals, red stand-

ard. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

4 BOREATON. Dark brown wine color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

5 BLUSHING BEAUTY. Soft pink, suffused

with lilac. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25.

6 BUTTERFLY. Pale gray, with distinct porcelain edge. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

7 CARDINAL. Crimson scarlet. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

10c; lb., 75c.

8 CARMINE INVINCIBLE. Brightest crimson. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. COUNTESS OF RADNOR. Delicate lavender.

Pkt, 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 10 CROWN PRINCESS OF PRUSSIA. Blush

Pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

11 DELIGHT. White, crested with crimson. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

12 DUCHESS OF EDINBURG. Scarlet, flushed with crimson. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

1 ADONIS. Carmine Rose. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 13 DUKE OF CLARENCE. Rosy claret, selfcolored flower. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 14 EMILY HENDERSON. White. Pkt., 5c; oz.,

15c: lb., \$1.25.
15 EMILY ECKFORD. Porcelain, suffused with reddish mauve. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 16 EMPRESS OF INDIA. Rosy pink standards,

white wings. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

17 FAIRY QUEEN. White, flushed and feathered with pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.

18 ISA ECKFORD. Creamery white and rosy pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.

19 INDIGO KING. Very dark purple and indigo.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

20 IMPERIAL BLUE. Bright blue, rather dark. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
21 LOTTIE ECKFORD. Rose and white, edged

with blue. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c, 22 LEMON QUEEN. Blush pink and lemon. Pkt.,

5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

23 MRS. ECKFORD. White, delicately shaded with primrose. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

24 MISS HUNT. Carmine, salmon and soft pink. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

SWEET PEAS—Continued.

Pkt., 5c; oz.,

rosy blush wings. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.
26 TRS. SANKEY. The purest white, the most perfect form, the largest size, a profuse bloomer and unsurpassed for florist's use.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.25. 27 MONARCH. Dark maroon.

10c; lb., 75c.

28 MIXED. All colors, light and dark. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

29 ORANGE PRINCE. Orange pink, flushed with scarlet. Pkt., 5c., oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

30 PAINTED LADY. Rosy crimson and blush

white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

31 PRINCESS BEATRICE. Delicate plush pink, marked with deeper shades. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c;

32 PRINCESS OF WALES. White, striped with lavender and mauve. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

PRINCESS LOUISE. Rosy pink standards, wings deep lilac. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.
PURPLE PRINCE. Maroon, shaded with bronze purple, wings blue. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.

45 VESUVIUS. Carmine rose, shaded to a velvety violet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

46 VIOLET. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

47 WHITE. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 33 PRINCESS LOUISE. Rosy pink standards, wings deep lilac. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c. 34 PURPLE PRINCE. Maroon, shaded with bronze

25 MRS. GLADSTONE. Delicate soft pink, with | 35 PURPLE STRIPED. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

36 PRIMROSE. Pale primrose yellow. Novel and distinct. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

37 QUEEN OF ENGLAND. White; of large size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 38 QUEEN OF THE ISLE. Rose and scarlet,

mottled with purple and white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

39 RED STRIPED. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

40 ROSE AND WHITE. Pkt.,5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 41 SENATOR. Chocolate, creamy white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.

42 SPLENDOR. Coppery crimson suffused with rosypink; very rich. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 90c.
 43 SCARLET INVINCIBLE. Scarlet striped.

Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c. 44 THE QUEEN. Bright pink, shaded with heliotrope. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ib., 75c.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS.

The Everlasting Flowers, with their rich, brilliant colors, are very valuable for Winter decora-They should be cut as soon as they come into full cloom, tied into small bunches, and dried slowly in the shade, with the heads downward, to keep the stems straight.

PER PKT. 393 ARCOLINIUM. Mixed. Rose and white.. 5 394 AMMOBIUM. Small white flowers, pretty.. 5 395 AGOMPHREN (Globe Amaranth or Bachelor's Button). Mixed. Small, globeshaped, double flowers of perfect form and bright colors...... 5 396 Nana compacta. Of very compact, dwarf habit, double flowers of a deep violet-red....10 HELICHRYSUM. Fine, large, double flowers of most brilliant colors, often called The Eternal

Flower. 398 Fireball. Flowers of the richest crimson....10

399 Snowball. Large, double, pure white..........10

400 Golden Ball. Rich, golden yellow.....10 402 RHODANTHE Manglesii. Graceful....... 5 403 XERANTEMUM. Mixed. Double flowers.. 5 404 Superbissimum fl. pl. Purple, pompon-

flowering; fine......10 405 Superbissimum album fl. pl. A new white.10

406 MIXED EVERLASTING. A single packet will give in abundance a great variety of the most attractive Everlasting Flowers. No more welcome present can be given a visitor when looking through the flower garden than a bouquet of these imperishable flowers. Three pkts., 25c.....10

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

If our customers could see the wonderful variety and graceful forms of the Ornamental Grasses, they would be induced to use them much more largely, particularly when it is considered how indispensable they are in the arrangement of graceful bouquets.

407 Agrostis nebulosa. Fine and feathery, elegant......5 408 Avena sterilis (Animated Oat). 2½ feet.... 5 409 Briza gracilis. Small, graceful racemes.... 5 410 Briza maxima (Quaking Grass). Large 411 Bromus brizæformis. Drooping panicles, beautiful 5 412 Chrysurus cynosuroides. Dwarf, with yellowish, feathery spikes, useful in bouquets. 5 413 Coix lachryma (Fob's Tears)...... 5 414 Erianthus Ravannæ. As fine as Pampas Grass...... 5

415 Eulalia Japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). Grows five to six feet high, with stripings across the leaves.....

416 Gynerium argentium (Pampas Grass). Flowers the second season; requires protection10

418 Lagurus ovatus (Hare's-tail Grass)...... 5

419 Pennisetum Longistylum. Soft, fuzzy flower heads, extremely graceful in appearance

420 Stipa pennata (Feather Grass). Perennial..10 421 Trycholæna rosea. Perennial, but flowers the first season, most beautiful rose-tinted grass 5

SEEDS OF PERENNIAL FLOWERS.

SEEDS OF PEREN	NNIAL FLUWERS.
In the following list we describe Biennials ar	d Perennials which live in the garden over Winter,
and flower in the Spring and Summer of the follow quickly as do Annuals, yet they are well worth wait	ing for—as they embrace some of the most beauti-
ful flowers—and many of them, with scarcely any c	are, continue to give a fine display of bloom year
after year. PER PKT.	PERPKT.
422 ALYSSUM (Gold Dust). Saxatile, small,	439 Choice mixed. Best varieties
golden-yellow flowers	440 Scotcus, fl. pl. (Paisley or Florists' Pink). A very pretty double variety of the pre-
mixed. Beautiful and varied colors 5	ceeding
424 Skinneri. Flowers vivid scarlet, tipped	441 DIGITALIS (Foxglove). Fine mixed. Long
with yellow. About 80 per cent come true from seed	racemes of beautifully spotted flowers 5
425 ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho. (Dutchman's	442 HOLLYHOCKS. For majestic growth and massive beauty the Hollyhock stands un-
Pipe). A beautiful, hardy, climbing plant;	rivaled. Flowers very large, perfectly
large, luxuriant foliage with brownish- yellow, heart-shaped leaves and siphon-	double, and of great variety of color 5
shaped, rich purple flowers10	443 Double. Fine mixed. Fine double flowers 5
426 ASPERULA (Woodruff) Odorata. Found	est and best colors. The perfect double-
in the dry woods of Great Britain, and	ness of the magnificent large flowers will
much prized everywhere. The flowers are white and fragrant10	please the most critical
CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells). Popular peren-	445 HONESTY (Lunaria). Purple racemes of pretty flowers, which form curious, silvery
nials producing bell-shaped flowers of many	seed pouches10
different colors. 427 Single Varieties. Mixed. Various colors 5	446 HUMEA Elegans. Grows six to eight feet,
428 Double Varieties. Mixed	producing long, flowing racemes of ruby- red flowers
429 CHRYSANTHEMUM, New Fancy Peren-	447 IRIS Kæmpferi (Fapan Iris). A perfectly
nial Varieties. It is not generally known	hardy, bulbous plant, with large, showy
that these are quite easily raised from seed, and that seed sown in the Spring will	flowers, pure white and of many shades of blue and purple10
produce strong plants that will flower	448 LILY OF THE VALLEY (Convallaria)10
freely in the Autumn 20	LATHYRUS (Perennial Peas). These Perennial
CARNATIONS AND PICOTEES.	Peas, while lacking the delicious fragrance of the
Large, beautiful and very fragrant flowers, as perfect in form as the rose. Seeds sown in	Sweet Peas, are equally as beautiful, and are very valuable from the fact that they are in full
open ground in May or June will flower splen-	bloom early in the Spring, before the others
didly the next season. They are nearly every- where hardy, but in very cold situations should	have begun to flower. They live year after year, bearing magnificent clusters of flowers. Per-
be protected by straw or a few boughs.	fectly hardy, and grow eight to ten feet high.
430 German. Extra fine, double, mixed. First	449 Purple. Clusters of purple flowers 5
quality, from choicest flowers	450 White. Clusters of the purest white flow-
431 Choice, Double. Mixed, Very good10	ers
432 Red Grenadin. From 60 to 70 per cent. produce charming double flowers of a	white
brilliant scarlet	452 PÆONY. A well-known, hardy, herba- ceous plant, with large, double flowers of
433 MARGUERITE. These superb new dwarf	various shades of rose, crimson, and white15
Carnations have created a great sensation, not only by reason of their fine, double,	
not only by reason of their inic, double,	453 PAPAVER (Perennial Poppies). Choicest
fragrant flowers, but also because they can	mixed. The single perennial Poppies are
fragrant flowers, but also because they can be treated as annuals. They flower freely	
fragrant flowers, but also because they can	mixed. The single perennial Poppies are perfectly hardy and are very attractive
fragrant flowers, but also because they can be treated as annuals. They flower freely the first season from seeds sown in the open ground	mixed. The single perennial Poppies are perfectly hardy and are very attractive among shrubbery
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double Feverfew......10



SWEET WILLIAM. As now improved they make matchless border plants, with heads of bloom of great size and wonderful beauty, should be in every garden, height one and one-half feet.

470 WALLFLOWER Fine German, Double.

Mixed. Spikes of deliciously fragrant double flowers, combining many shades of color, chocolate and orange purple predominating. Sow early in hot-bed and prick out the small plants into pots, sink the pots in the earth and in Autumn remove to the house, where they will bloom all Winter......

471 Single. Mixed

Seeds for Greenhouse and Window Culture.

The growth of rare plants from seed is very interesting, and many of the choicest varieties can readily be grown in the house by those who are willing to give them careful attention. For Winter blooming, the seed should be sown in shallow boxes any time during the Spring or Summer. Procure a mellow soil, almost one-fourth sand; sow the seeds on the surface, covering lightly with a little fine, sandy earth; cover the box with a pane of glass, keep darkened, and keep the soil slightly moist until the seeds germinate, when light and air should be admitted by partially or wholly removing the glass, and placing the boxes in a warm, sunny window. When the plants are large enough to handle they should be potted singly into small pots, and afterward removed to six-inch pots for flowering; to insure an abundance of fine bloom in Winter, they should be kept growing vigorously during Summer and Fall, in good rich soil. Florists can rely upon our seed of Begonias, Calceolaria, Cineraria, Gloxinias and Primulas.

In Greenhouse as well as all other SEEDS IN PACKETS the purchaser is entitled to select 25 Cents WORTH EXTRA for each ONE DOLLAR sent us for Seeds in Packets.

472 AGAPHANTHUS Umbellata (Blue Lily of the Nile). This is a splendid ornamental plant, bearing large clusters of bright blue flowers on long flower stalks and lasting a long time in bloom. There is no finer plant than this for out-door decoration, planted in large pots or tubs on the lawn, terrace or piazza, It does well in the house or greenhouse in Winter, requiring but slight protection. It is a rapid grower, and increases in size and beauty every year; the chief point in its cultivation is to divide the plants before the pots or tubs become overcrowded with roots. With the most ordinary kind of care it is a plant that will last for ever....... 10

ASPARAGUS, Plumrosus: A greenhouse climber, with exquisitely graceful and feathery lace-like foliage; extensively grown by florists for cutting purposes.......25

BEGONIA, Tuberous-rooted hybrids. These charming and showy Begonias, with their orchidlike flowers and rich tropical foliage, can be raised planted in light, moderately rich soil, with a liberal mixture of sand. Seedlings raised from sowings made early in the year will bloom freely in the course of the Summer, but not so freely as those of greater age.

PER PKT.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME WITH FLOWERS.

475 Finest Double-flowering Begonias......35 476 CENTAUREA Gymnocarpa. White foliage. 10
477 Candidissima. White leaved; beautiful......15

478 CHRYSANTHEMUM Indicum. Finest double

479 CHRYSANTHEMUM Frutescens. well-known Paris Daisy, produces large, white, star-like flowers most profusely.......15

CINERARIA. The Cineraria is one of the brightest and best of house plants, blooming most profusely during the late Winter and early Spring. When in full flower the plants present a gorgeous sight, being each covered with one mass of bloom of richest colors - crimson, magenta, violet, blue, and variegated. Seeds should be sown from May to August, when they 489 Finest Double. Produces a good percentwill bloom the first Winter. Keep the plants in a cool, shady place during the Summer.

480 Hybrida. Fine mixed. All colors.....15 481 Hybrida. Large flowering. Finest mixed. Flowers measuring two inches across, of

482 COLEUS. Fine mixed. Leaves of all shapes, shades and colors, mostly having a velvety



CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

CYCLAMEN Persicum. Most charming bulbousrooted plants, with beautiful foliage, variegated in different shades of green, and richly colored orchid-like flowers. They are universal favorites as pot plants for Winter and Spring blooming. If the seed is sown early, in sandy loam, they make flowering bulbs in one season. After flowering, the bulbs should be allowed to rest in a dry state over Summer.

483 Persicum. Splendid mixed. All colors.....15

484 FUCHSIAS, Double and Single. Mixed.
It is not generally known that Fuchsias
can be raised very easily from seed, and
will flower freely the first year in the open ground, while the plants can be taken in the house in the Winter, where they will flower still more freely. We offer the very finest mixture of double and single Fuchsias, saved from splendid varieties......25

......35 485 FERNS. Mixed, embracing seeds (spores) of many desirable varieties of these graceful plants.......25

GERANIUMS. These favorite plants are easily raised from seed, which will frequently reward the cultivator with charming new varieties. Plants from seed started early in the house will bloom the first Summer in the garden.

486 Zonale. Mixed.....

487 Zonale. Choice mixed. Saved from the best varieties of single Geraniums......15

488 Fancy mixed Pelargoniums (Lady Washington Geraniums). Very choice and rare varieties25

age of fine double flowers. Packet of twenty-five seeds.....50

490 Apple Scented. This favorite, with sweet-scented leaves can best be grown from seed; sow in light soil and keep moist until they germinate......25

GLOXINIAS. A splendid class of house-blooming bulbous-rooted plants, flowering in great pro-fusion during the Summer months. The handsame bell-shaped flowers embrace a great variety of the richest and most beautiful colors; the bulbs must be kept warm and dry during the Winter.

491 Large Flowering Hybrids. Mixed. From a grand collection, comprising the most superb spotted and blotched......25

492 LANTANA. Finest mixed. Well-known shrubby plants, with clusters of Verbenalike flowers; make a grand display the first season. Large bushes of these in full flower all Summer were much admired and visitors expressed surprise that so fine a display could be obtained from springsown seed......10

493 LEMON VERBENA. The delightfully fragrant foliage of this favorite plant makes it very desirable for cutting; it is easily grown from seed......10

494 LINARIA Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). The very pretty trailing species for covering rockwork, stumps, and for vases and hanging baskets......25

495 MUSA ENSETE (The Abyssinian Banana Tree). Strikingly effective as single specimens upon the lawn as well as in clumps or masses. The rapidity of its growth is astonishing, if the seed is sown early in hot-beds and repotted several times, the plants will attain the height of eight feet the first Summer. They can be stored in a cellar during the Winter with a covering of soil, or planted in a tub, watered sparingly, and will attain gigantic proportions the second season. The leaves are magnificently long, broad and massive, of a beautiful bright green. Packet of five

496 PASSIFLORA Cœrulea (Passion Flower)..10

Order Flower Seeds by NUMBER, the name is not necessary.



Primula Sinensis Fimbriata.

FRINGED CHINESE PRIMROSE. The Chinese Primrose is the most beautiful and satisfactory of all house plants for Winter blooming, and it is as easily grown as a geranium. It is never attacked by insects, and will even thrive in a window where there is but little sun, and where few other plants would bloom. Seeds sown from April to July will produce plants that will flower most profusely throughout the following Winter.

498 PRIMULA, Alba Magnifica. Flowers, borne in large trusses well above the foilage, are pure white, with large, bright, yellow eye.. 25

499 Splendid mixed, large flowering. A grand mixture, embracing the above and many other finest fringed, large flowering varie-

500 SMILAX (Myrsiphyllum Asparagoldes.) The popular Boston Smilax is the most desirable window vine on account of its charming, glossy green, elegant and grace-ful foilage, while for florists' use it is as essential as roses. Oz., 75c; ½ oz., 40c...10

VINCA. Handsome, bushy plants, producing freely round single flowers one and one-half inches across, suitable for pot culture and sunny flower beds; tender perennial, one and one-half

501 Rosea. Bright rose......10 502 Rosea alba. White, with rose eye......10 503 Alba pura. Pure white......10 504 Mixed. Above varieties...... 5

Florists will do well to get our special prices before buying elsewhere.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS.

The Summer-flowering Bulbs for Spring planting contained in the following list are inexpensive, very easily grown and produce some of the most showy and beautiful of all Summer and Autumn flowers. There are but few flowers that can compare with the noble and brilliant spikes of the Gladiolus, the grace and elegance of the Lily, the purity and sweetness of the Tuberose, the majestic foilage of the Caladium, or the wonderful markings of the Tigridia. They require scarcely any care, and quickly make a gorgeous display, while the bulbs can be kept over Winter, and will, year after year, continue to return a hundred fold (in beauty and satisfaction) the trifling expense of the original cost. I have priced these Bulbs very low, to bring them within the reach of all. They are in splendid condition, fine, large Bulbs, properly stored, and will be sent securely packed in the same parcels with flower or vegetable seeds. My prices are for choice Bulbs, post-paid, by mail, to any address in the United States.

AMARYLLIS. Beautiful flowering bulbs, which should find a place in every garden. They force readily, and by proper care can be had in bloom during the whole year.

Formosissima (Jacobæan Lily.) Crimson, blooming early in the Summer. The flowers have a most graceful appearance. 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.

Johnsoni. Very large flower of a rich crimson scarlet color, striped with white. 75c each; \$7.00 per doz.

White ground, striped Hybrids of Vittata. with red. 75c each.

Hybrids of Vittata. Red ground, striped with white. 75c each.

AMORPHOPHALLUS RIVIERI. A remarkably distinct and pretty Aroid of easy culture, especially adapted for sub-tropical bedding or for the mixed border, producing a solitary Palm-like leaf on a tall stout stem which is curiously spotted and speckled with rose and olive green. The flower is similar in shape to the Calla Lily, the outside being of a similar color to the leaf stem; the inside is deep blood-red, veined with black.

First size, strong tubers, 50c each; \$5.50 per doz. Second size, strong tubers, 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.

CINNAMON VINE.

Dioscorea batatas. Beautiful Summer climber; glossy foliage and fragrant flowers; stem dies down in Winter, but the root is hardy. Large roots, 5c each; 50c per doz.

Tuberous=Rooted Begonias.

Our mixed tubers are all from varieties with splendid flowers, of fine form and substance, of dwarf growth, well adapted for bedding, and present in unsurpassed mixture all the following distinct colors: Bronze, yellow, crimson, dark crimson, magenta, orange, scarlet, pink, red, rose and white. They are covered with bloom the entire season; the gorgeous tropical effect for bedding can scarcely be imagined. Single varieties in finest mixture, 15c each:

four for 50c; \$1.50 per doz.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS—Cont'd.



BUTTERFLY

GLADIOLUS.

doz., 75c.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS (Giant Summer Hyacinth). Luxuriant, free-growing Summer-flowering plant, spreading two to three feet, throwing up great, tall spikes four to five feet in height, each bearing twenty to thirty large white bell-shaped flowers; of easiest culture and splendid for groups. If planted in the center of beds of scarlet Gladiolus, the effect is magnificent. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00 or extra large bulbs, each, 15c; doz., \$1.50.

IPOMŒA MEXICANA (Mexican Morning Glory). A distinct and pretty Mexican species, bearing fine clusters of large, purplish rose-colored flowers; it grows rapidly and succeeds in almost any position; as a plant for covering arbors, veranders, etc., it is

invaluable; being tuberous-rooted, it may be Wintered like a Dahlia. Each, 35c; doz., \$3.00.

TIGRIDIA Shell Flower. Curious and beautiful Summer flowering bulbs, producing large, gorgeous flowers, exquisitely spotted, flowering from July to October. The bulbs can be planted about the middle of May, and taken up in October and kept over Winter in dry sand.

Conchiflora. Orange, with crimson spots. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00.

Pavonia Grandiflora. Red, with yellow spots. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00.

Grandiflora Alba. Large ivory white flowers, spotted with maroon and rosy lake in center. Each, 10c; doz., \$1.00.

TUBEROSES. fully fragrant and beautiful of the Summer flowering bulbs. By skillful management a succession of flowers may be obtained all



EXCELSIOR PEARL TUBEROSE.

Excelsion Pearl. Extra large bulbs. Each. 8c; doz., 50c; 100, \$3.50.

first of May.

the year round.

For early flowers

they can be start-

ed in February or March, in the greenhouse or

hot-bed; and for

a succession they

can be planted at

intervals as late as August. For

flowering in the

open border

plant about the

Dwarf Pearl. Each, 5c; doz., 35c; 100, \$2.50. Tall Double. Each, 5c; doz., 35c; 100, \$2.50.

BUTTERFLY GLADIOLUS. LILIES. Longituding. The state of th Garden Lily; flowers trumpet-shaped, six to sight inches long; height, one and one-half to two feet. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Tigrinum Splendens (Improved Tiger Lily).

Very large flowers; orange-salmon, spotted black. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Tigrinum Flore Pleno (Double Tiger Lily). Immense double bright orange-red flowers, spotted with black. Three to five feet. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50.

Album. Purest white. Each, 30c; doz., \$3.00.

Rubrum. White, shaded with deep rose and spotted red. Each, 20c; doz., \$2.00.

Auratum (The Golden Rayed Lily of Japan).

Grandest of all the Lily family, flowers pure white, with crimson spots, through the center of each petal runs a clear golden band, flowers measure nearly a foot across, produced abundantly, deliciously fragrant, two to five feet. First size bulbs, each 35c; doz., \$3.00.



LILY OF THE VALLEY.

LILY OF THE VALLEY (Convallaria Majalis). One of the most charming of our Spring-flowering plants Its slender stems, set with tiny bells, diffusing a delicious odor, have rendered it a universal favorite. They are entirely hardy, and delight in a shady, well-enriched border. Štrong clumps for out-door planting delivered until April and after September 1st. Each, 50c. MADEIRA VINE. The old favorite Climbing

Mignonette. Thick glossy leaves, and long, hanging stems of feathery fragrant flowers,

Each, 5c; doz., 50c.

OXALIS, Summer Flowering. Valuable for edging walks, flower beds, etc. Bulbs planted three inches apart form rounded rows of delicate foliage, about one foot high, which produce

flowers in endless succession.

CHINESE PÆONIES. The herbaceous Pæonies are exceedingly hardy, and will succeed in any ordinary soil, well enriched with good manure. During the Summer month mulching will be beneficial to the roots, especially on dry soils. We offer a splendid assortment, embracing all the leading shades, white, pink, rose, purple, etc., etc. Each, 30c; doz., \$3.00.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS—Cont'd.

The leaves of this variety are deep green, with numerous white spots, which give the plant a very ornamental appearance. The flowers are pure white, with a black center. They grow freely, either in-doors or out. 20c each; \$2.00 per doz. The flowers are

WHITE CALLA (Richardia Æthiopica). The White Calla, or Lily of the Nile, is a well-known plant of easy culture, and in Winter is one of our best window plants. To aid profuse blooming, keep them dormant from the middle of June to last of August, repot in good rich soil, using a four to six-inch pot, give water, light and heat in abundance, and the result will be most satisfactory. Dry bulbs, 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.; extra large, 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.



Elephant's Ear. Grand tropicallooking plant, producing enormous leaves three to four feet long. A favorite for specimens on the lawn. Height, four to five feet. (See cut).

ELEPHANT'S EAR.

Extra	size	bulb,	10	to	12	in.	circumferen	ce75c
First	66	"	8	to	9	66	"	50c
Second	1 "	66	6	to	7	66	"	25c
Third	66	66	4	to	51/2	66	46	15c

Ever-blooming French Cannas.

Capt. P. de Suzzoni. A tall growing variety, deep yellow, lightly spotted with red, so that the general effect at a distance is yellow. As a companion to Trocadero it is excellent; large flower and fine green foliage. Each, 25c; doz., \$2.50. Egandale. A fine dark foliaged variety, with

flowers of a soft currant red, very distinct and striking in appearance. Each, 25c; doz., \$2 50. FRANCOISE CROZY. The color is of unique shade of apricot, bordered with bright yellow. Horace Choisel. Deep rich magenta, strong,

compact grower, a very fine variety. J. D. Cabos. Another dark foliage variety, with

flowers of very rich orange, tinged with apricot. As a contrasting variety in foliage and flower it is unsurpassed. Each, 30c; doz., \$3.00.

M. Laforcade. Bright, orange-scarlet flowers, coffee-colored foliage, dwarf, compact grower,

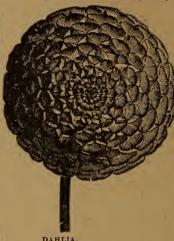
MAD. CROZY. Resembles Francois Crozy, finer. Each, 30c.

Pres. Hardy. Deep orange, mottled with rich chrome yellow, a unique and pretty variety. Each, 25c.

Pres. Carnot. A majestic variety with dark chocolate foliage, flowers deep scarlet, large and beautifully rounded. Each, 20c.

SPOTTED CALLA (Richardia Alba Maculata). | TROCADERO. A grand sort in flower and foliage. The blooms are a deep crimson lake of the richest shade, and are borne in wonderful profusion. Twenty-seven separate heads of flowers, were counted on a single plant. Price for any of the above, except where noted; each, 30c; doz., \$3.00. Choice Mixed Canna Roots. Our selection;

each, 15c; doz., \$1.50, post-paid.



DAHLIAS

Too wellknown to need any descrip-tion, We can supply roots of any of the following colors. Red, White, Purple, Lilac, Rose, Yellow, Brown, Red Spotted, Blue, Canary, Straw Colored and Variegated. 20c each; \$2.00

MIXED GLOXINIAS. These comprise all shades of color and erect, horizontal and pendulous flowers; for those who do not care about special color they will be found very desirable, as only fine varieties have been kept, the poor and dull colors having been discarded. 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

Our bulbs of this magnifi-GLADIOLUS. cent flower includes only the very finest varieties. Our mixtures will be

found of a high standard of excellence. A succession of bloom may be had from July to September by planting at intervals from April to June. The strongest bulbs should be kept for the latest planting. The cultivation of Gladiolus is very simple, as they will thrive in any good garden soil, but amply repay good care and liberal feeding by enhanced size and beauty.

All Colors. Mixed. Each, 5c; doz., 30c; 100, \$2.00. Extra Choice. Mixed. Each, 5c; doz., 40c. 100, \$2.50.

Scarlet and Crimson Varieties. Mixed. Each, 5c; doz., 30c; 100, \$2.00.

White and Light Varieties. Mixed. Each, 5c; · doz., 50c; 100, \$3.25.

Yellow Varieties. Mixed Each, 5c; doz., 50c; 100, \$3 25.

Pink and Variegated Varieties. Mixed. Each, 5c; doz., 40c; 100, \$2.50.

Separate Colors of Red, Scarlet, Crimson, White, Yellow, Pink, Variegated, Rose or Striped. Each, 10c; doz., 75c.

ROOTS.

HORSERADISH.

Per 100	per 100, 65c; per 1000, \$5.75							
ASPARAGUS.								
Columbia Mammoth White	per 100, 70c; per 1000, \$6.50							
Palmetto	per 100, 60c; per 1000, 5.50							
Colossal								

RHUBARB.

Linnaeus	per 100.	\$1.50:	per 1000.	\$12.00
			• ,	
New Giant	per 100.	1.50:	per 1000.	12.00
	- ,			
Victoria	per 100,	1.25;	per 1000.	10.00
			,	

IMPORTED DUTCH BULBS.

In Fall we have a complete and well-selected assortment of Dutch Bulbs, our own importation, direct from the Bulb growers. Our assortment consists of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Narcissus, Snowdrops, Anemones, etc., etc., all of which should invariably be planted in the Fall. Price List ready in September and mailed free on application.

REMEDIES FOR INSECTS AND FUNGUS.

Hammond's Slug Shot5-lb. pkgs., 25c; 10-lb. pkgs., 50c; carton, 15c
London Purple per lb., 25c
Paris Green per lb., 25c
Persian Powder, or Bubach per lb., 40c
Lemon Oil in pint tins, each, 40c; qts., 75c; per gal., \$2.75
Hellebore per lb., 25c
Carbolized Soap 1 gal. cans, \$1.00 Nicotine per pint, \$1.50
Nicotine per pint, \$1.50
Lenox Concentrated Bordeaux Mixture1-gal. cans, \$1.00
Tobacco Dust, fine
Tobacco Soap per lb., 35c
Whale Oil Soap
Thrip Juice
Bordeaux Mixture 25-lb. pkg., \$1.00
Copperdine per qt., 50c; 1-gal. cans, \$1.50
Grape Dust, Hammond's5-lb. pkg., 35c; 100-lb. keg, \$5.00
Flour of Sulphur per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 60c

Should any of the above be sent by mail, 15c. per lb. must be added to pay postage.

FERTILIZERS.

Pure Bone Meal
Nitrate of Soda
Odorless Phosphatebags of 200 lbs 3.00
Lawn Dressing
Tobacco Stems per bale, 2.00
Kitchen Garden Fertilizer 5 lbs., 25c; 50 lbs., \$1.25; 100 lbs., \$2.50; 200 lbs. 4.00
Peruvian Guana
Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers
Food for Flowers
Hanson Flower Food price, 15c, 25c and 50c
Land Plaster, or Gypsumbbl., about 275 lbs., \$1.75; 5 bbls., \$8.50; f.o.b. St. Louis. In lots less than barrel, 2c per lb.
Plaster Paris per lb., 2c; bbl. \$2.75
Disinfecting Lime per bbl. 1.80

THE DOUBLE-TUBE LIGHTNING

Kills, Drives Away and Exterminates Every Living Thing Obnoxious to Yourself, Your Animals or Your Crops.

No. 20 Sprayer has detachable glass reservoir, provided with our patent spring leather plunger expander, which at all times keeps the leather washer expanded, and will not allow it to wrinkle or dry up, which is the case in former sprayers, which will be appreciated at a glance by any one who is familior with sprayers. Our No. 20 Sprayer is the only sprayer having a glass reservoir, detachable, encased so that the operator at all times can see the ingredients mixing, and just how

they are working. Also have a glass reservoir, which is made of the pattern of a Mason fruit jar, and any such will fit this sprayer; being oblong gives a churning motion while the sprayer is being used, mixing the ingredients—which cannot be done with any other shaped sprayer—and will not allow Paris Green to settle. The glass sprayer will not corrode or rust out, as is the case with all other metal. This will be appreciated at a glance glance.

The screw cap of this sprayer is made of heavy zinc, and the air chamber and jacket are

made of heavy tin, nicely painted a bright red, making it very durable and attractive.

The Double-Tube Lightning Insect Exterminator is double the capacity of any other sprayer made, covering a radius of 2½ feet, producing two large sprays with one operation. The reservoir filled with water and a teaspoonful of Paris Green is sufficient to kill 2,000 hills of potato bugs, which cannot be done with any other sprayer made. Price, \$1.00 each.

CATTLE FLY OIL.

Cattle Fly Oil is prepared and put up in one-gallon cans, expressly for keeping flies from stock during the summer months, and which is guaranteed to do the work, by simply spraying with the Lightning Insect Exterminator. It is perfectly harmless, and will be found a great comfort to the cows, also when milking; also for horses.

The Lightning Insect Exterminator throws a fine spray of the oil mixture, and a gallon of Cattle Fly Oil is sufficient to spray 500 cows. This is usually applied while the cows are in the stable, and before milking. After a few applications, only every other day is necessary. A greater flow of milk is guaranteed by using the Cattle Fly Oil. No farmer can afford to be without this valuable invention after a few applications. Full description on every can.





The Lightning Compressed Air Sprayer, No. 21.

PATENT APPLIED FOR.

Will throw any kind of spray, from the finest dew to a heavy or solid continuous stream 30 feet

high.

The Lightning Sprayer No. 21 is operated by compressed air. An air pump is attached to the tank, which is made of heavy galvanized iron. The air is forced in up to a pressure of 60 pounds, and is governed by a check valve, which prevents over-pressure. This Sprayer is made strong, and nicely painted.

TO OPERATE THIS SPRAYER.-The tank holds

nearly four gallons, and is filled about two-thirds full, and

then it takes about one minute to pump the air in, and the machine is then ready for use. All the operating you need do is to open the stopcock, which is turned to throw a fine mist or a coarse spray, or a continuous stream. The compressed air tank, being powerful and elastic, forces the liquid out through the outlet pipe, making a very fine or solid continuous stream. This Sprayer is one of the greatest inventions of the age. No labor is required after the air is once pumped into the tank, which only takes about one minute.

Automatic Spray and Force Pump.

PUSH DOWN-THE SPRING DOES THE REST.

Unique and Most Practicable.

No Foot Fastening Required.

It is made of nickeled brass, galvanized iron tubing, extra large air chamber or reservoir, brass spring, pure rubber valves, saucer-shaped, anti-clogging foot with strainer on top, and with the sprays that go with it, warrants us in claiming that it is what has long been needed for all purposes. It will pump from the pail, or CARRY the material to be used in "a field;" and, with the fine spray, carries enough to last ten to 15 minutes in potatoes, fruit trees, grapes, tobacco and greenhouses. The Automatic is otherwise generally useful, is first class in construction, nicely finished, and, at the price named, should be acceptable to all. Our experience of last season gives us great confidence in making this guarantee. Price, \$3.00.





The Lenox Sprayer.

The straps are provided with buckles and are adjustable to fit a boy or man of any size. It is also provided with a fine strainer cloth at the top where the liquid enters, to prevent leaves or dirt from getting into the Sprayer, thus impossible to clog up the nozzle. A man with one of these Sprayers will only use one-half the Paris Green that is required by the whisk broom or any other method, the spray being a mere mist. No Waste whatever, No burning of the vines as by large drops. You will only require to take out one barrel of water to the field instead of four by any other method. The most economical and perfect working apparatus on the market. It pays for itself by very little use. Full directions with every machine, including many valuable recipes. Price, \$4.00.

A reliable chemist advises always to strain your liquid poison through two tulcknesses of burlap (sacking.) You do not need the poison thick, for the moment it touches the water it is poisoned. Strain the poisoned water before putting it in the Sprayer and you will have clear liquid poison.

We have all the Extras belonging to this Sprayer.

BIRD SEED.

Our Bird Seeds are Always Recleaned, Fresh and Sweet.

Mixed Bird Seedp	er lb.	10c; 3 lbs. for 25c	Maw Seed per lb. 250	c
Mixed Canary and Rape Seed	**	10c; 3 lbs. for 25c	Lettuce Seed for Birds per oz. 5c; per lb. 60c	c
Clear Canary Seed	6.6	10c; 3 lbs. for 25c	Sunflower Seed for Parrotsper lb. 10c; 3 lbs. 250	c
Hemp Seed		10c; 3 lbs. for 25c	Cuttle Fish Bone 400	c
Rape Seed		10c; 3 lbs. for 25c	Mocking Bird Food per bottle, 25	С

If by mail, 8 cents per pound and 30 cents per bottle for Mocking Bird Food must be added to prepay postage.



CREAM CITY RAT EXTERMINATO

This is not a poison, and is specially recommended for places where rats and mice are numerous, as it is not dangerous for cats, dogs or chickens. Is warranted to drive away rats or mice.

Put up in 25c and 50c Packages.

DUST CANS.

For applying Slug Shot or other similar Powders.

Small size each, 35c Medium size each, 25c	Small size filled with Sing that
Medium sizeeach, 25c	Small Size, fined with Sing Shoteach, 200

FOX'S POTATO BUG EXTERMINATOR



The best machine in the world for applying liquid poison to plant, vine or bush. Full description and directions how to use will be sent with every machine. No better investment could be made, and certainly not a more profitable one, than in the investment of \$3.00 in this machine, as it will save its price many times over in a season's use. Price, \$3.00.

PLANT SPRINKLERS.



For Sprinkling Flowers, etc. Postpaid, \$1.10.

SCOLLAY'S IMPROVED PUTTY BULB.

Scollay's Improved Putty Bulb.

Postpaid, \$1.10.

CRESCENT FORCE PUMP AND SPRAYER.

Similar to the Automatic, but smaller in size, works the same and gives good satisfaction. Each. \$1.25.

Snow Flake and Fire King Sweet Peas Can't be Beat.
Include a Package of each in Your Order,

RAFFIA. Used for Tying.

POULTRY SUPPLIES.

Patent Stoneware Drinking Fountain,

For Poultry, Pigeons and Bees.



THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FOUNTAIN IN THE MARKET. THOUSANDS OF THEM IN USE.

They keep the water cool and clean, and chicks from getting wet. Are easily filled. Never tip over or get out of order.

To fill, set it up on end and pour the water in; then lay it down on its side, as shown in the engraving, and a vacuum is formed, which keeps the water in, but allows free access to it. To clean, if it needs it, fill with water and sand, turn it sideways, and shake the water and sand out.

Many do not appreciate the necessity of a fountain, but impure water, caused by exposure to the sun, and filth scratched into old crocks and pans, are the cause of much disease and death in the poultry vard, loft and cages. Chicks also get into open jars, and either drown or get wet and die. Saving the life of one valuable bird will pay for a dozen fountains.

Half-gallon, weight 3 lbs	each, \$0	25
One-gallon, weight 6 lbs	each,	35
Two-gallon, weight 12 lbs	each,	50



PRATT'S POULTRY FOOD

Is the Best on the Market. It cures and prevents

CHICKEN CHOLERA. CROUP. GAPES and all DISEASES.

It makes young chickens grow quickly and healthy. It increases the quantity of eggs. It makes turkeys, ducks, geese and pigeons thrive. It will help moulting fowls and make them lay sooner. A trial will convince you. 26-oz. pkgs. 25c; 5-lb. pkgs. 60c.

PRATT'S HORSE AND CATTLE FOOD.

5-lb. pkg. 50c; 121/2-lb. sacks 75c.

BONE MEAL. The best way in which to feed bone meal to your chickens is by giving them the pure meal. We guarantee ours to be pure. Lb. 3c; 10 lbs. 25c; 100 lbs. \$1.00.

WILBUR'S EGG AND POULTRY FOOD. An article that will make your hens lay and keep them in good healthy condition. 242-1b. pkg. 25c.

RAVEN'S FOOD.

FOR HORSES, CATTLE AND POULTRY.

An excellent food for any purpose. 1-lb. pkg. 25c; pkg. 45c; 5-lb. pkg. 90c. If by mall, add 6c per



New Chick Manna.

Try our Chicken Manna. will keep your Poultry in a good healthy condition. A trial will convince you Contains Everything for Poultry. Is the Best and Healthiest of all CHICKEN FOODS. Send for Sample FREE

pkg\$0	20	50-lb.	pkg\$1	40
pkg	40	100-lb.	pkg2	50
) B St			

PIONEER CLOVER MEAL.

Pioneer Clover Meal contains every part of the egg shell, white and yolk, and is considered by all eminent authorities as a perfect Poultry Food. Give it a trial, and we are confident that it will make you a confirmed friend. Trial package, 3 lbs. 20c; 50-lb. sack, \$1.00; 100-lb. sack, \$2.00.

CUT CLOVER.

An excellent article for green food during winter months. 50-lb. sack, \$1.00; 100-lb. sack, \$2.00.

IMPORTED MILLET. 50-lb. pkg \$1 40 100 lb. sack 2 75 10-lb. pkg......\$0 30

·	KAFFII	R CORN.	
10-lb. pkg 25-lb. pkg	40	50-lb. pkg 100-lb. sack	\$0 75 1 00
· Pric	es subject to	market change.	1 00



25-lb. pkg.....

Mica Crystal Grit.

The Best and Only Grit For POULTRY.

5 lbs. any size, 15c.

10 lbs. any size, 25c.

50 lbs. any size, 50c.

100 lbs. any size, 80c.

POULTRY SUPPLIES—CONTINUED.



It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight 25c. in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases.

IT.

Small Package, 25c.

Package, 90c.

WILBUR'S FOOD.

Package, 15c.

Large Package,

OYSTER SHELLS.

This is one of the Best Poultry Foods. 10-lb. pkg\$0 25 25-lb. pkg 35 25-lb. pkg

GRANULATED BONE:

Contains all the elements that go to form the egg. We have this in two sizes—coarse ground for hens and turkeys, and fine for young chicks. 5-lb. pkg. 25c: 10-lb. pkg. 40c; 25-lb. pkg. 60c; 50-lb. pkg. \$1.15; 100-lb. sack. \$2.25.

BUCKWHEAT.

10-lb. pkg. 35c; 50-lb. pkg. \$1.40; 100-lb. sack, \$2.25

CANADA FIELD PEAS.

10 lbs. 35c; 50 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$2.25. Prices variable.



EGG-O

Vegetable Regulator. Guarantee Its Purity.

Is invaluable for the moulting fowl and will make hens lay regularly.

We guarantee Egg-O to prevent and cure all Poultry diseases.

Egg-O is packed in trial packages containing twenty-eight ounces of food, at 25c. Also in large bags-10, 25, 50 and 100 pounds-which retail at 10c per pound. A trial will convince you of its wonderful powers as a regulator and egg producer.

LAMBERT'S "DEATH TO LICE."

15-oz. box. 25c; 40-oz. pkg. 50c; 100-oz. pkg. \$1.00. If to be sent by mail, add ic per ounce for postage.

"DEATH TO LICE" OINTMENT.

A pure white, perfumed mixture that will do the work quickly without injury to the chicken in any way. Inveluable also for lice on children, scaly shanks on fowls, etc. A 1-oz, box is sufficient for 100 little chicks. We improved the formula last spring; little chicks. We improved the formula last spring, it will now keep in any climate. 1-oz. pkg. 10c; 3-oz.

If you prefer a liquid louse-killer, for painting roosts, nest boxes and inside of henneries, buy

LAKE'S LICE EXTERMINATOR.

It is a liquid preparation and is the first liquid lice killer ever put on the market. Absolutely harmless to all kinds of stock, poultry and pet stock of all kinds. Sure death to lice, mites, fleas, roaches, bedbugs, etc., on horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, dogs, cats, chickens, pigeons, house-plants, etc. Pint can, 30c; quart can, 45c; ½-gal. can, 65c; gallon can, 90c. Give it a triai.

THE GREELEY ROUP CURE

Is the best remedy everused for a case of this dreaded disease. It will cure a severe cold in twenty-four hours, will reduce the swelled head and eyes, and put the bird in good condition in a few days' time. It is not safe to be without it, especially when exhibiting poultry. We sell it with a guarantee. Per box, 25c, postpaid; one dozen by express, \$2.00.

		CORN	MEAL.		
Fine,	100 lbs	\$2 00	Coarse,	100 lbs\$1	5

LINSEED MEAL. Extra Fine, in Barrels. OIL CAKE MEAL. In Sacks.

Write for Special Prices.

	WHEAT.	
Per bushel	\$1 00	Price variable.
	BARLEY.	
Per bushel	85c.	Price variable.

DDEDADED CHADCOAL

	v = / v= v = v = v = v = v	_		
-lb.	pkg\$0	05	50-lb. pkg\$	
-lb.	pkg	20	100-lb.sack	3 00

INCUBATORS.

The	Reliable	Hot Air	Special,	400	-e	gg		\$32	00
		**	- 44	300				24	00
1.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	200	- 6	6		16	00
4.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	100	- 6	6		12	00
66	6.6	6.6							
Por	celain Ne	st Eggs.	each, 50				ozen		
Med	ical Nest	Eggs.	each, 10c	: p	er	d	ozen	1	00
		00,							

LEG BANDS

	One hundred \$1 0 Poultry Markers, each 2
--	--

Excelsion Stock Food.

A NUTRITIVE AND RESTORATIVE TONIC, PURELY VEGETABLE, FOR CATTLE, HORSES, SHEEP AND SWINE. SAVES GRAIN BY CAUSING PERFECT ASSIMILATION.

BREEDERS. FEEDERS and Cannot afford to be without

EXCELSIOR STOCK FOOD.

and you can save money by DAIRYMEN buying in large quantities.

2-lb, package, 50c.









THE ACME HAND CORN PLANTER.

Accurate. Its dropping device must always drop as set. There is nothing about it to catch or stick and scratch corn. It slides in a cast iron hopper bottom and can't wear out.

Light and strongly made throughout, with basswood sides, handles well bolted on, strong Steel Jaws, well riveted together and to the sides. . . .

Neatly finished in varnish and well packed.

"PLANET JR." TOOLS FOR 1901.

Space will not permit our showing and describing all of the "Planet Jr." Tools, but we will send a fully illustrated catalogue free for the asking to any who desires it. "Planet Jr." goods are standard machines; the best; yet great improvements have been made for 1901. We direct special attention to the new Nos. 3, 4 and 5 Sowers, the new No. 11, No. 12 and No. 13 steel arch Double Wheel Hoes, and the No. 15, No. 16, No. 17 and No. 18 Single Wheel Hoes. You can rely on getting a bottom price from us on any of the "Planet Jr." goods.

The "PLANET JR." No. 2 Seed Drill.

This Tool is known the world over, and, with the exception of the "Planet Jr." Hill Dropping Drills. is

This fool is known the world over, and, with the exception of the "Planet Jr." Hill Dropping Drills, is the most perfect drill known. It holds two and one-half quarts.

The drill sows in an even, regular stream, whether there is much or little in the hopper. The opening plow, being directly between the wheels, follows all in egularities of the ground, is adjustable, and once set opens the furrow at a uniform depth, and the seeds are deposited in a very narrow line. The machine is extremely simple; no agitators, belts or gearing. Price, \$7.75.

"PLANET JR." No. 4 Combined Hill Dropping Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow.

This is exactly the same style of seeder as the No. 5 "Planet Jr." Hill Dropper. It is smaller in capacity, though still of good size, holding two quarts. It drops in hills at 4, 6, 8, 12 and 24 inches apart, and in drills any thickness, handling the smallest paper of seed perfectly, and is simple, durable and very light running. Throws out of gear instantly by simply raising the handles. The index is accurate, plain and easily set. The Drill is detached and the tool frame substituted by moving but one bolt. It then becomes one of the most admirable Single Wheel Hoes of the "Planet Jr." family. It has a fine garden plow, two new-style hoes, perfect shape, three delightful cuitivating rakes, new form, and made especially to fit 6, 9, 12, 14 and 16-inch rows; three cuitivator teeth and a practical leaf guard. Price, complete, \$12.00; as a Drill only, \$8.50.

"PLANET JR." No. 11 Double Wheel Hoe. Cultivator, Rake and Plow.

This tool, first offered for '98, combines in itself the good points of its predecessors with valuable new ideas. It has 11 inch wheels, which can be set at four different distances apart; the frame is malleable, with ample room for tool adjustment, and can be set at three different heights. The handles are adjustable, and being attached to the arch, are entirely undisturbed in making changes of the height of frame, width of wheels or in the adjustment of the tools themselves. The arch is of Stiff Steel, unusually high. The design of the frame is nov-1, allowing all changes of tools to be made without removal of the nuts from the standards. A pair of model rakes and a pair of new style hoes are added to the usual equipment—even pairs of tools in all. The whole set shown in the cut goes with the complete tool. All the blades are of tempered and pollshed steel. The variety of work possible with this machine is incredible, covering the whole range of wheel hoe work, both in the garden and on the farm, and has our unqualified endorsement. Price, \$9.50.



This latest and best Single Wheel Hoe, improved for 1899, has an 11-inch wheel, with broad face, and a conveniently arranged and a very full set or tools, several of them being of new, special design, such as have been found to perform Wheel Hoe work in the very best manner. It is very light and strong and easy running; has three more tools than the old "Planet Jr." and does a much greater variety of work and does it better. Has adjustable handles and frame, especially adapted for quick changing of teeth. It is a most perfect wheel Hoe for market gardeners or private places. The tools are a well-shaped plow for plowing, marking out, covering and late cultivatin; a pair of neat 4-inch shield hees, justright for heeing in rows from 9 to 12 inches, and a large pair for wider work, and three cultivator teeth. Also a set of three rakes, justright for 6, 9, 12 and up to 16-inch rows, with two arranged side by side; the rakes are just the thing for preparing ground for the Seed Drill. A practical leaf guard completes the equipment.

The frame charges in height, and the wheel to the other side of the frame, when both sides

The frame charges in height, and the wheel to the other side of the frame, when both sides of the row can be hoed at one passage.

"PLANET JR." Harrow and Cultivator.

This comparatively new tool has rapidly grown into favor with farmers, market gardeners and strawberry growers. It is carefully made and finished, has a high frame and the chisel-shaped teeth cut an inch wide each, and may be worn down three inches before that width is lessened or the teeth worn out; even then they are cheaply replaced. It may be set with teeth trailing, by simply changing one bolt in each tooth. The foot lever pulverizer is a capital addition for preparing ground for the Seed Drill or for plant setting, and controls the depth of the rear teeth. Hand levers regulate by the width and depth while in motion; it contracts to 12 loches, and may be further reduced in width by taking off the outside teeth; it expands to 32 inches. It cultivates deep without throwing earth upon the plants, and the smooth, round-throated teeth turn strawberry runners without injuring them. For cutting strawberry runners we make a special attachment, constituting of a 10-loch flat steel disc mounted on an outrigger. Strawberry Runner Cutter Attachment extra. Price, plain, \$7.00; with Wheel, \$8.75; Complete, \$10.50.

SEND FOR EXTRA CATALOGUE, FREE.

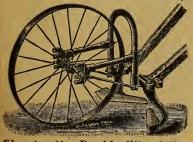
The "IRON AGE" WHEEL HOES and SEED DRILLS



The "Iron Age" Double Wheel Hoe, with Cultivator Teeth, Plows and Rakes.
Packed Weight, 40 lbs. Price, \$7.00.

Among the principal labor-saving tools in the hands of the market gardener must be considered Wheel Hoes. Nay, we may insist that it leads all others, for they are really indispensable, and without their aid it would be an almost impossible task to keep the market supplied with such immense quantities of row-grown vegetables. They have done away with the back-breaking and time-killing methods of the olden time, one man performing in a more thorough manner, and with greater ease to himself, the labor of several men. As with all other improved methods of labor, it requires a little practice to enable one to realize the best results with a wheel hoe. A novice will usually push steadily ahead; not so—give the tool a thrust ahead, watching the wheel rather than the hoe, and taking a step at each thrust; this brings a result which the term wheel hoe implies; an ordinary hand hoe would accomplish little if simply dragged through the ground.

Having shown what is expected of a wheel hoe, we desire to bring to the notice of the reader the "Iron Age" Wheel Hoe. Without disparaging the many excellent tools of this character already in use, we recently became convinced from our own



Showing the Double Wheel Hoe set up as a Single Wheel.

practical tests—we have been making wheel hoes for years—and the expressions coming from the workers in the field, that further improvement was possible and necessary. Higher Wheels were called for; the old pattern frames were made of gray iron. and were consequently too heavy, to say nothing of their constant breakage. How well we have corrected these points, and still other improvments, we will endeavor to show. We have practically made the tool "bicycle construction."

The "IRON AGE" Combined Seed Drill and Wheel Hoe

Packed Weight, 50 lbs. PRICE, \$10.50

In designing our Seed Drill Attachment for the Double Wheel Hoe, we have kept in view simplicity of construction, convenience of adjustment and perfection of work.

The drill attachment is complete in itself, and when put in place requires but two bolts to secure it; the single wheel is then put in position, the chain run on, and the drill is ready for operation. The seed slide and its index adjustment to sow the various seeds is similar to that used on our well-known New Model Seed Drill, while the agitator is simply a revolving brush, of selected bristles, which will not injure the seed, will wear a long time, and can be cheaply replaced.

In our experience with seed drills we have found that while some round, smooth seed, such as turnip or radish, will flow through the discharge opening, and do not, therefore, need any agitator, one is absolutely necessary for some others to insure a continuous or positive feed.

We have seen acres of beets ragged and forlorn, with long skips and spaces, simply by reason of this attempt to sow such seeds without an agitator.

The brush agitator will be found to be peculiarly adapted to feeding out such seeds as beets and tomatoes, in separating the seeds that may be clinging together and acting as a gentle force feed.

The opening plow is adjustable in depth and also reversible, one end being wide for onion seed, and the other narrow for placing the seed in a close, straight line.

The Combined Drill includes all of the attachments described above, and we claim that any one buying it possesses at once the most complete and perfect tool possible.

It is a whole tool house of itself. It plows, levels, furrows, sows, covers, rakes, cultivates, hoes and hills, and does each and every operation in the most satisfactory manner.

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No. 1 HAND-POWER

GRAIN AND SEED CLEANER.

CAPACITY,

Market Wheat, - - 40 Bushels per Hour. Clover Seed, - - - 12 Bushels per Hour.

PRICE, \$22.00



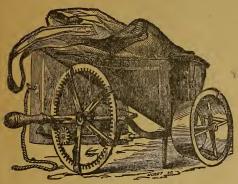
ALL OUR MACHINES ARE COMPLETE FOR WORK REQUIRED.

NO EXTRA ATTACHMENTS NECESSARY,

Size of Screens, 19x30 inches. One Wire and seven Perforated Zinc Screens, equipped with Spreading Boards, furnished with each Cleaner.

THE BEST CLEANER MADE.

MISCELLANEOUS IMPLEMENTS.



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CAHOUN'S BROADCAST SEED SOWER. The most accurate and strongest machine of its kind made, as well as the most satisfactory. You can sow just the amount of seed you want to the acre more evenly than by hand, and a good deal faster. No one who has used one of these machines would be without them. Full directions with each machine.

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FIDDLE BOW SEED SOWERS.

An old reliable kind, but not as accurate or as strong as the Cahoun.

Price, completeeach, \$1.25

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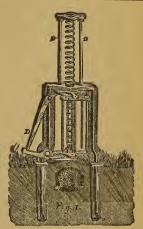
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Cuts to one or more eyes without injuring the vital tissues.

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One of the best Weeders made. A band passing over the fingers gives perfect use of hand for pulling weeds without laying down the tool.

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